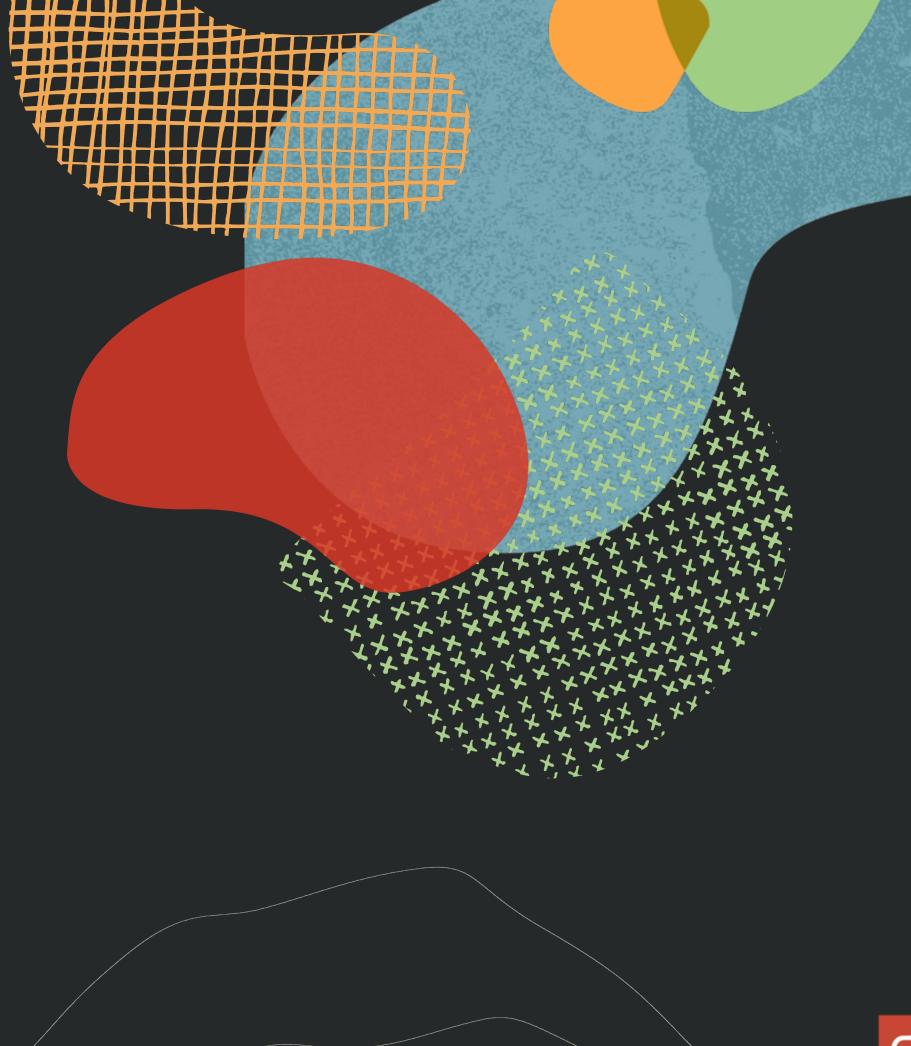
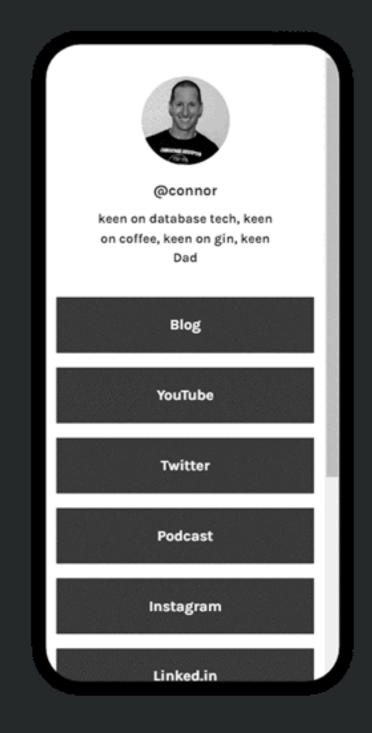
The Future of Data and App Dev

Connor McDonald

Database Advocate



Like talking tech? So do I



@connor_mc_d

https://linktr.ee/connor



Safe harbor statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, timing, and pricing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products may change and remains at the sole discretion of Oracle Corporation.



what is the future of data and app dev?

SAY "AI" ORE MORE TIME I DAREYOU. I DOUBLE DAREYOU

"Build more systems!"

... with more complexity

... and do it faster"

how?



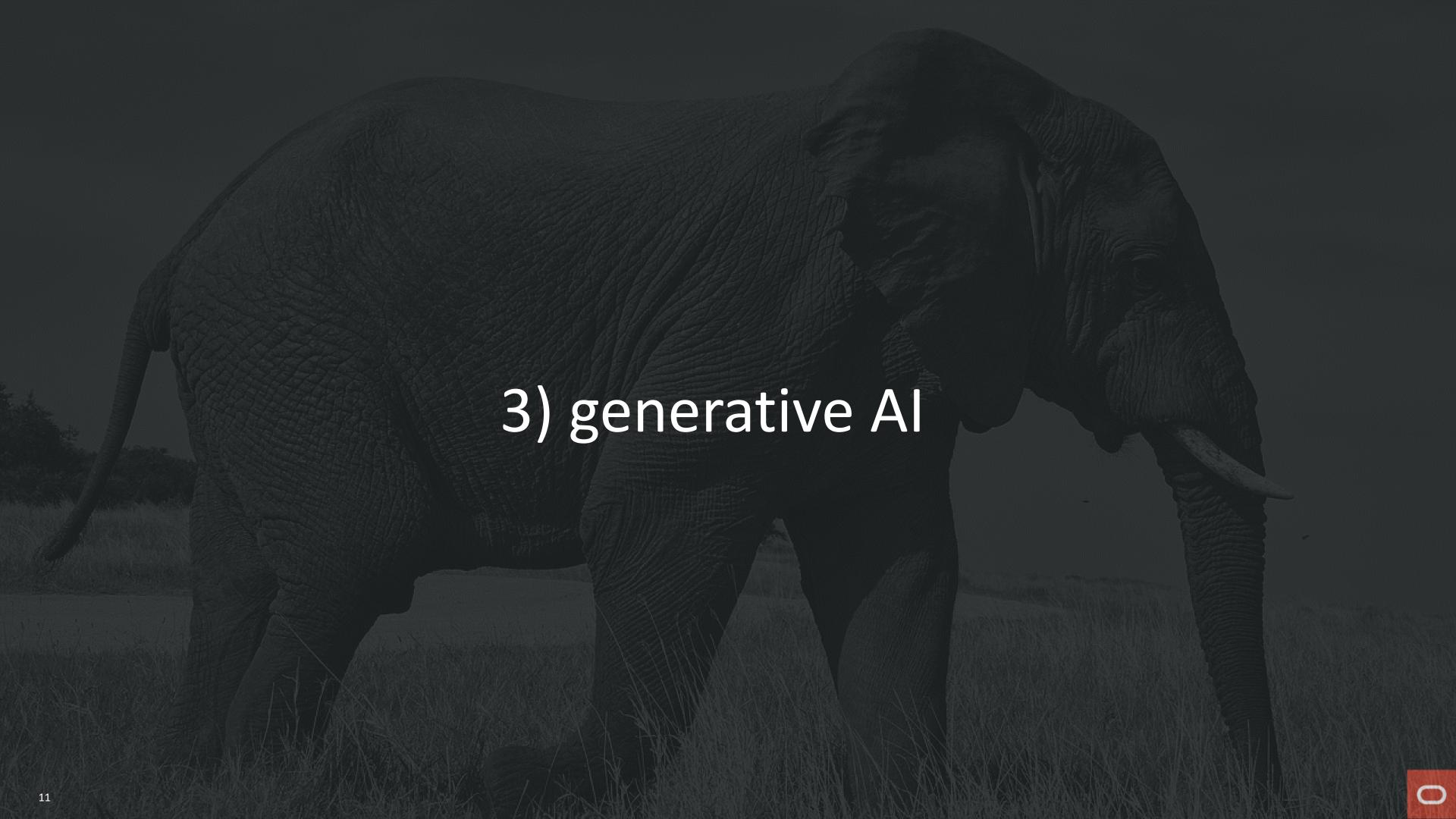


3 core objectives



1) generate data for usage

2) generate apps not code them





four interested parties

Data Professional



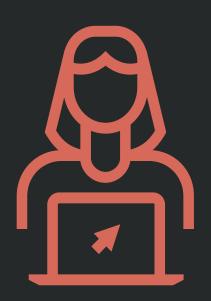
Low-Code Developer

End-User









each face a common challenge

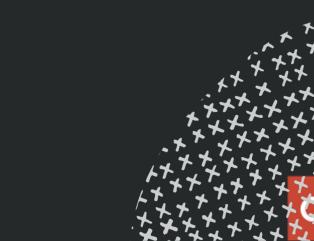
if you need data ...

... you must know how to access it

Data Professional

Data Professional

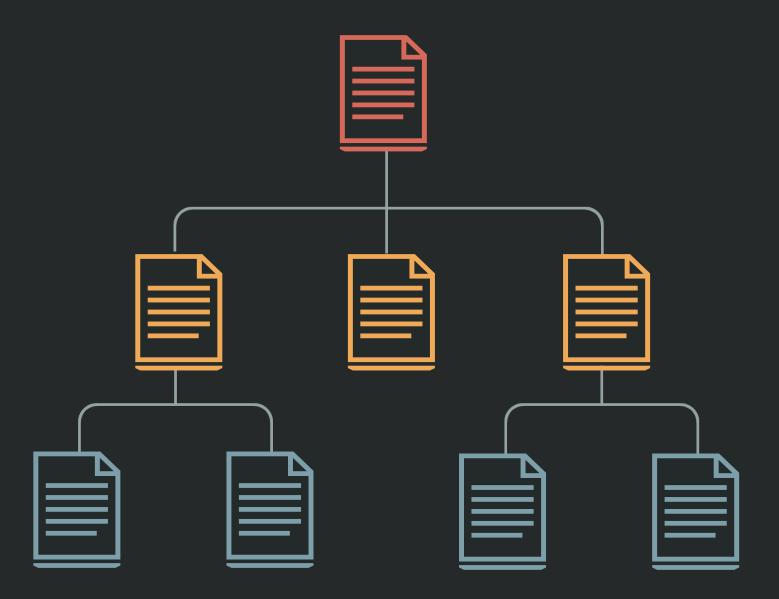




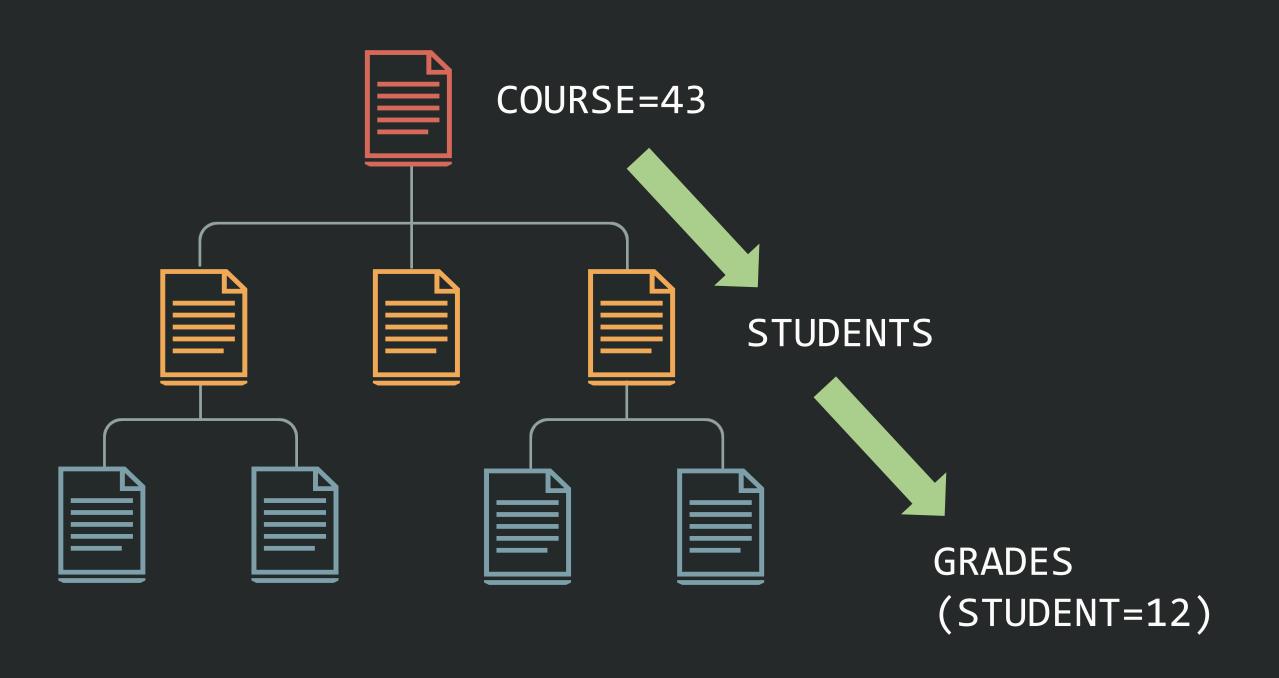
early data professionals were developers

early databases

Hierarchical Databases



hand coded the access

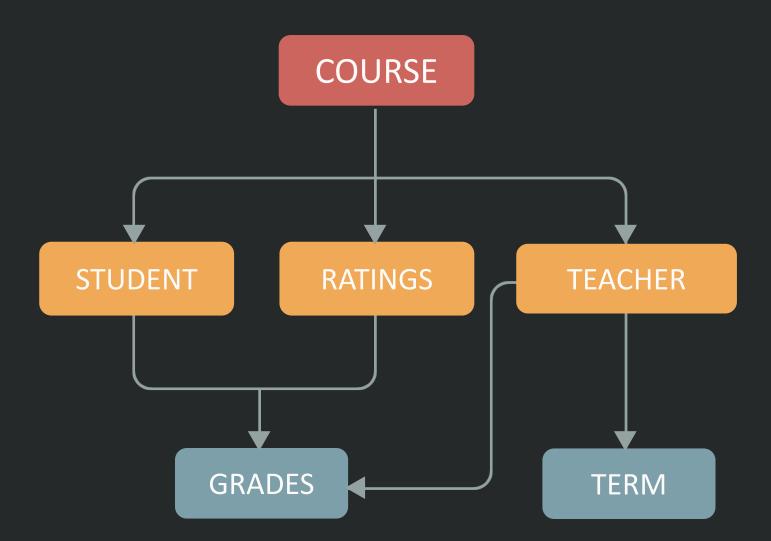


PGM DEFINITION FILE1=DATASET.ISAM.7X4G.COURSE FILE2=DATASET.ISAM.A8G4.STUDENT FILE3=DATASET.ISAM.X84G.GRADES

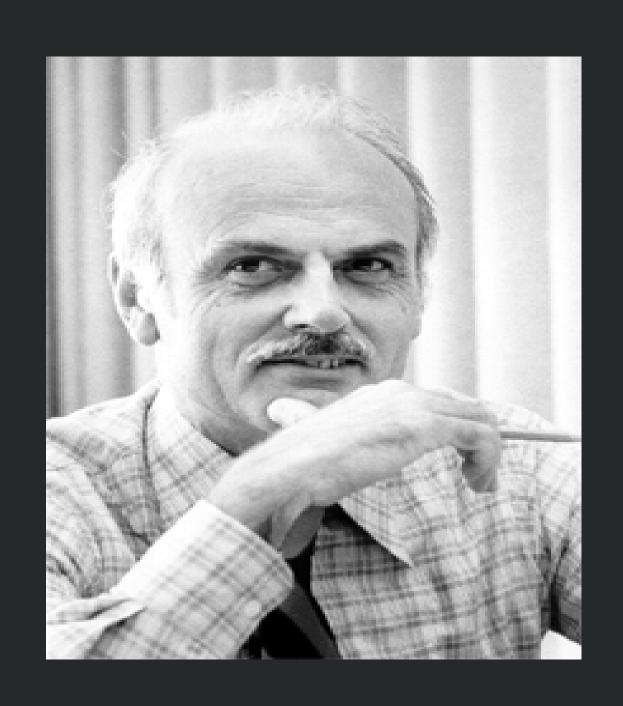
PGM EXECUTE OPEN FILE=FILE1,MODE=READ OPEN FILE=FILE2,MODE=READ MOVE "43" TO KEY-ITEM GET UNIQUE, FILE1, KEY=KEY-ITEM MOVE BYTES 1-20 TO STUDENT-NAME GET UNIQUE, FILE2, KEY=STUDENT-NAME MOVE BYTES 1-32 TO GRADES-KEY GET NEXT, FILE3, KEY=GRADES-KEY

as flexibility demands increased

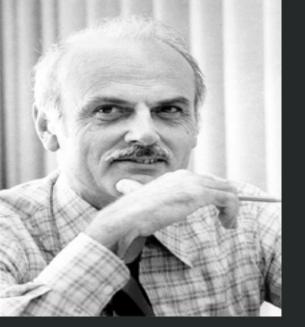
Network Databases



still hand coded the access



Edgar (Ted) Codd



relational model

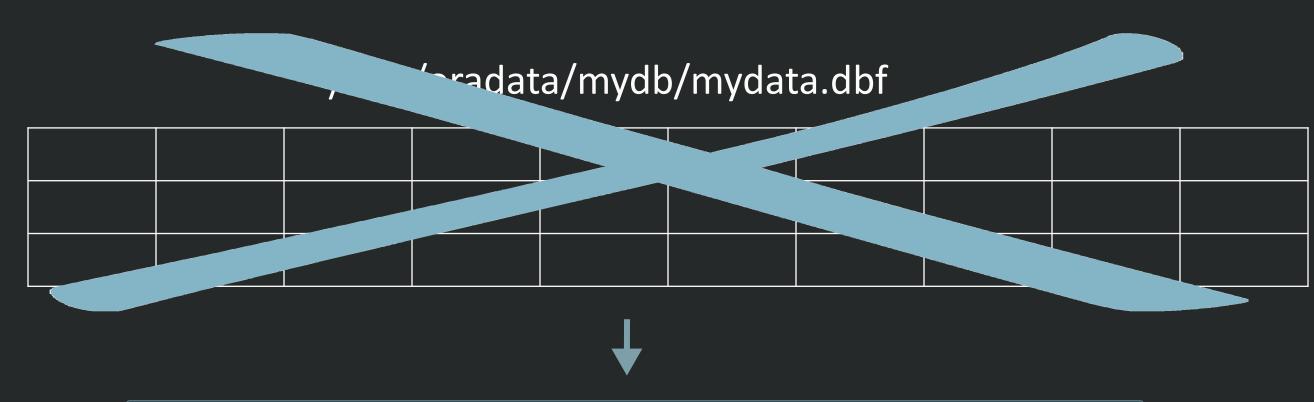


declarative data intent

independence from navigation

a) data access by value

independence from structure



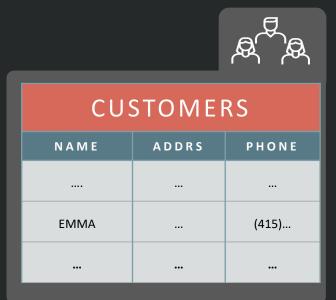




ORDER	NAME	PHONE	PROD_NAME
345	Emma	(415)	WIDGET B









b) data quality

normalisation
(no duplication)
(integrity)

c) data access generated

SQL!



Data Professional

Define
Data Access

Data Professional



Declare Data Intent (relational) databases took over the world



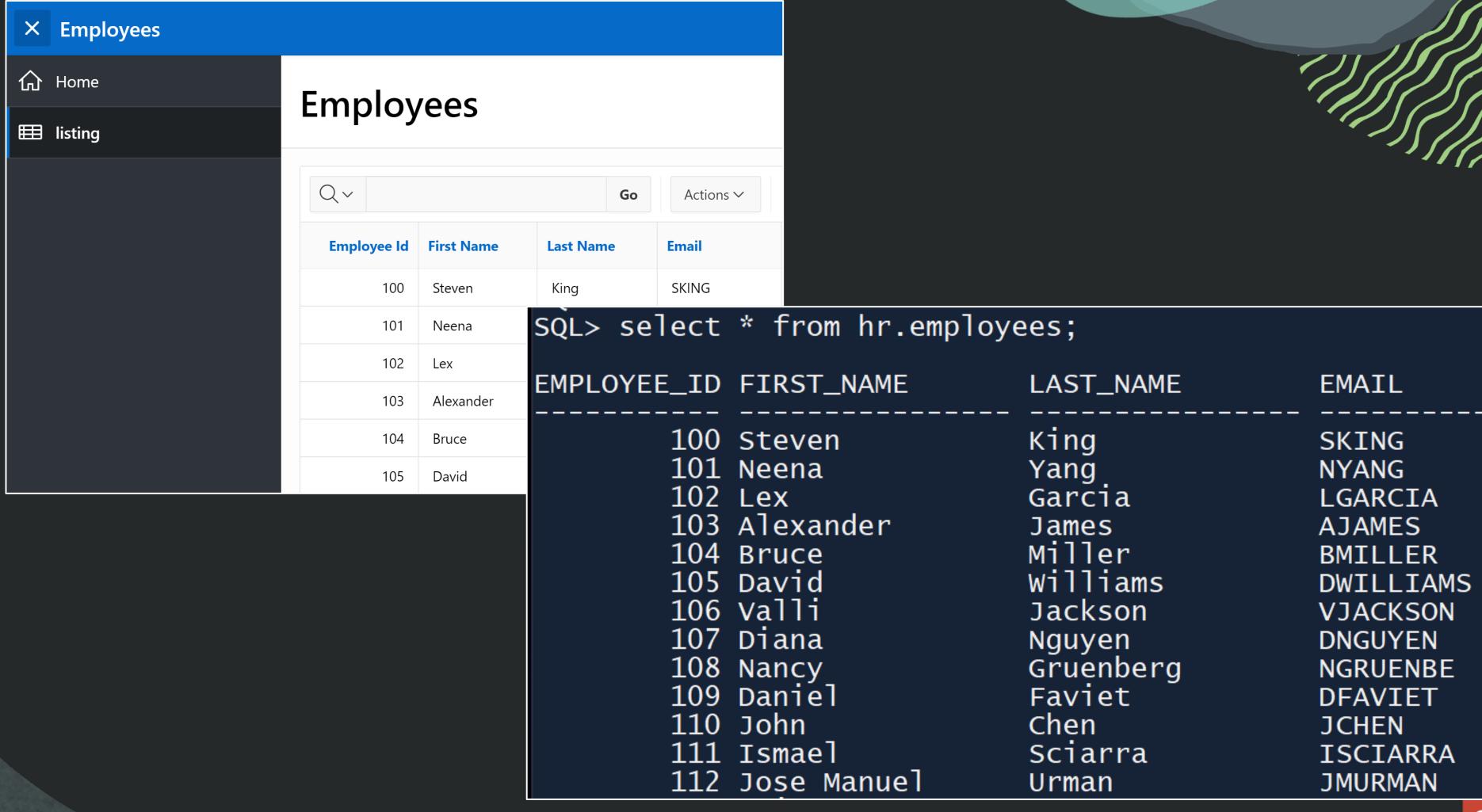
what about developers?

relational



"Oh, you mean use rows and columns!"

fine when app matches the data

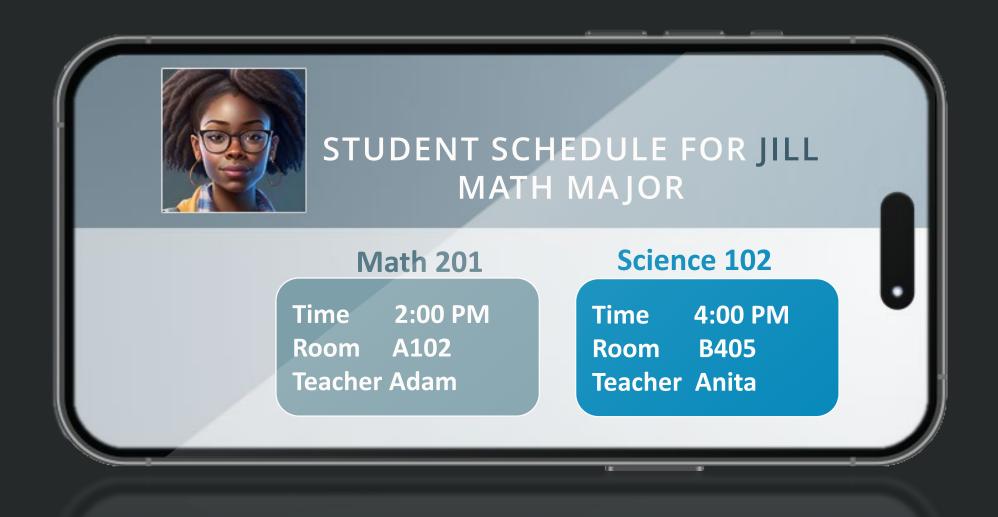


but when it doesn't?



hypothetical college app



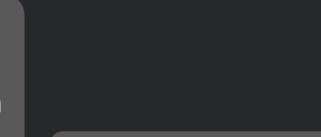


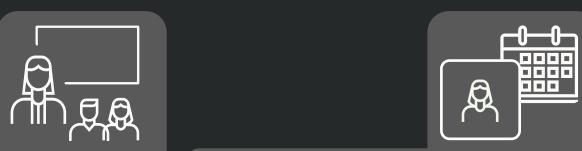
data model













STUDENT				
STUID	SNAME	MAJOR	YEAR	
S3245	Jill	Math	First	
	•••	•••		
	•••	•••	•••	

COURSE					
CID	CLASS	TIME	TCHID		
C123	MATH 201	A102	14:00	T543	
C345	SCIENCE 102	B405	16:00	T789	
	•••				

STUDENT COURSES			
STUID	CID		
S3245	C123		
S3245	C345		

TEACHER				
TCHID	TEACHER	TINFO		
T543	Adam			
T789	Anita			



storage independence

data integrity/consistency

awesome Dut...

declarative SQL

adhoc query



modern code is not relational

modern code is 00



modern code is hierarchical



Student.java



```
public Student(String name,
                String major,
                Schedule sched
   this.studentID = name;
   this.major = age;
   this.schedule = sched;
public Schedule(String sched_time,
                 String course,
                 String room,
                 String teacher)
   this.time = sched_time;
   this.course = course;
   this.room = room;
   this.teacher = teacher;
```

STUID	SNAME	MAJOR	CLASS	TIME	ROOM	TEACHER
S3245	Jill	Math	MATH 201	2:00 PM	A102	Adam
S3245	Jill	Math	SCIENCE 102	4:00 PM	B405	Anita







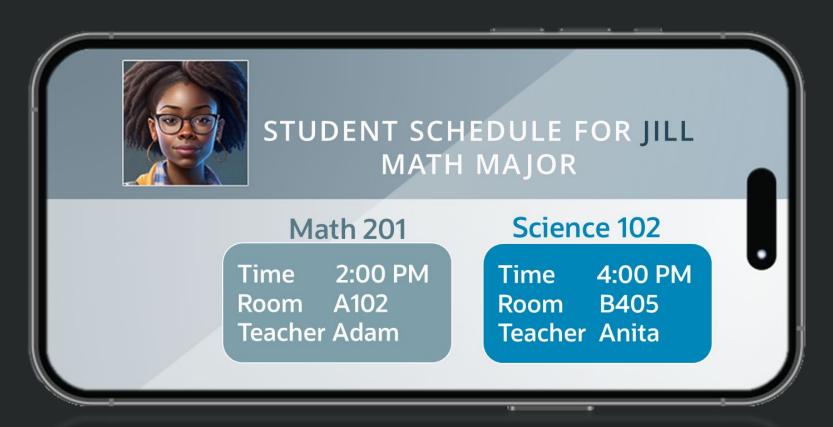


STUDENT				
STUID	SNAME	MAJOR	YEAR	
S3245	Jill	Math	First	

COURSE						
CID	CLASS	ROOM	ROOM TIME			
C123	MATH 201	A102	14:00	T543		
C345	SCIENCE 102	B405	16:00	T789		

STUDENT COURSES			
STUID	CID		
\$3245	C123		
S3245	C345		

TEACHER				
TCHID	TEACHER	TINFO		
T543	Adam			
T789	Anita			



STUID	SNAME	MAJOR	CLASS	TIME	ROOM	TEACHER
S3245	Jill	Math	MATH 201	2:00 PM	A102	Adam
S3245	Jill	Math	SCIENCE 102	4:00 PM	B405	Anita

Repeated student data

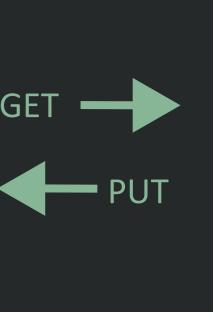


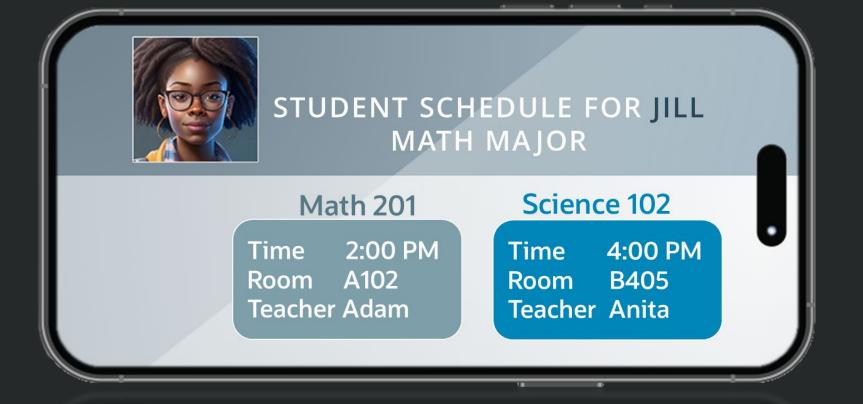
data mapping = more code/complexity



hierarchical code needs hierarchical data

SCHEDULE FOR: JILL : "S3245", "studentID" "name" : "Jill", "major" "Math", "schedule" "time" : "14:00", "course" : "Math 201", "room" : "A102", "teacher" : "Adam" **}**, "time" : "16:00", "course" : "Science 102", "room" : "B**405**", "teacher" : "Anita"





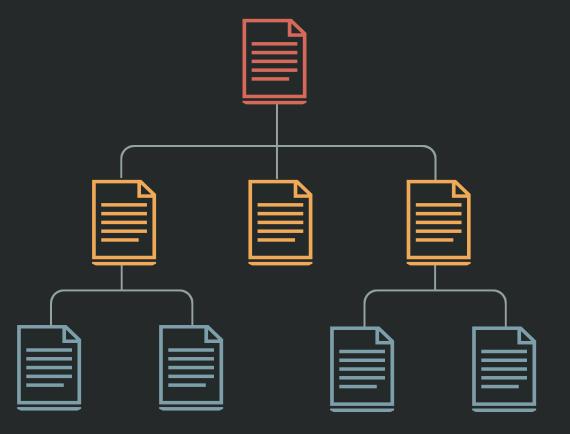
relational?



Document and Key-Value Databases ("NoSQL")



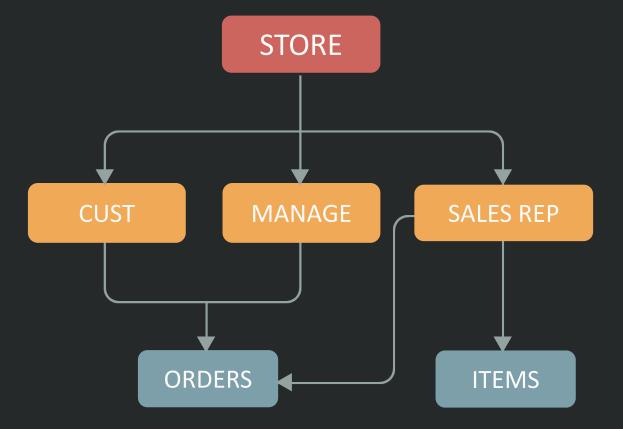
Hierarchical Databases



Graph Databases

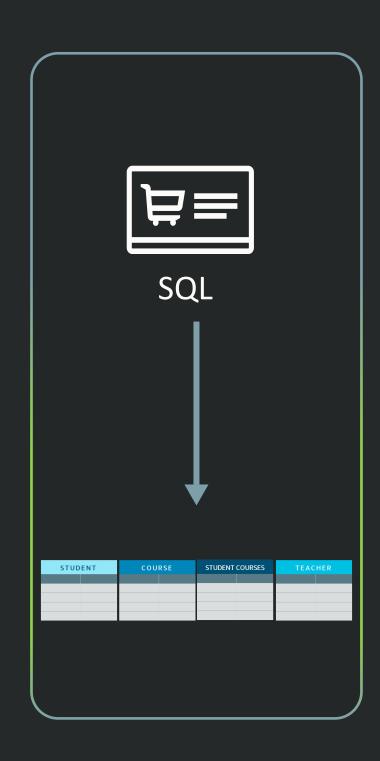


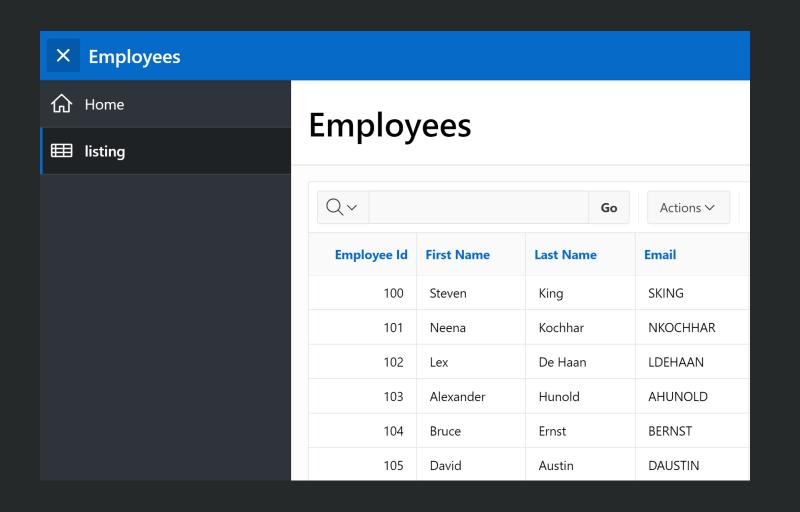
Network Databases

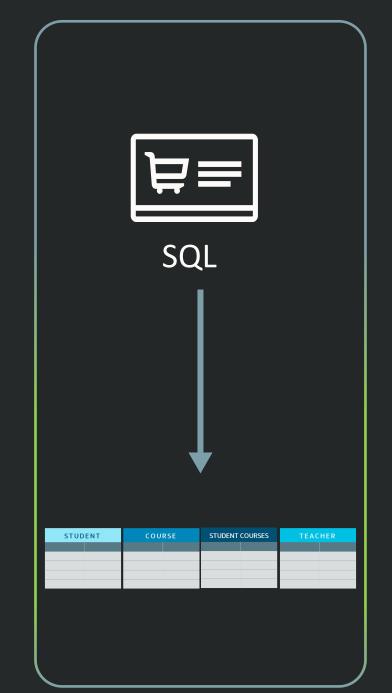


all have a common theme

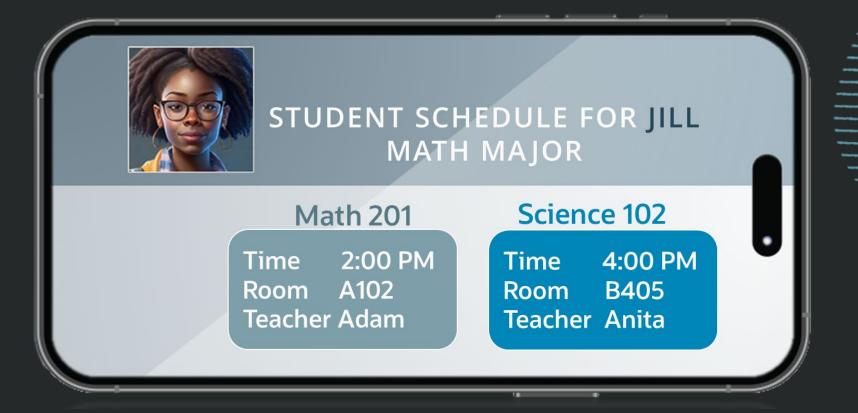
data usage dans of the IT profession a complete failure of the Laca storage

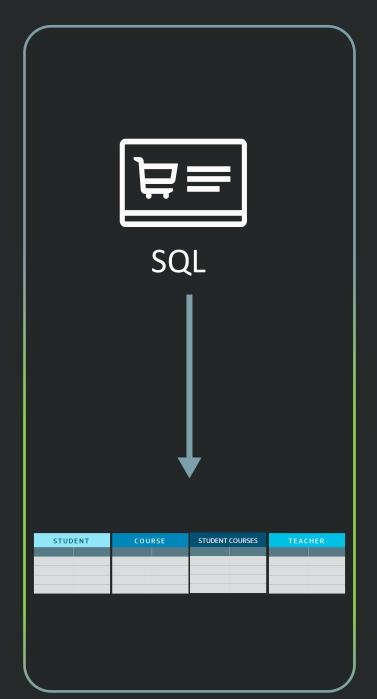




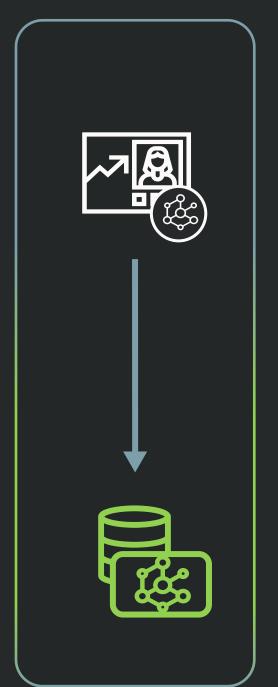


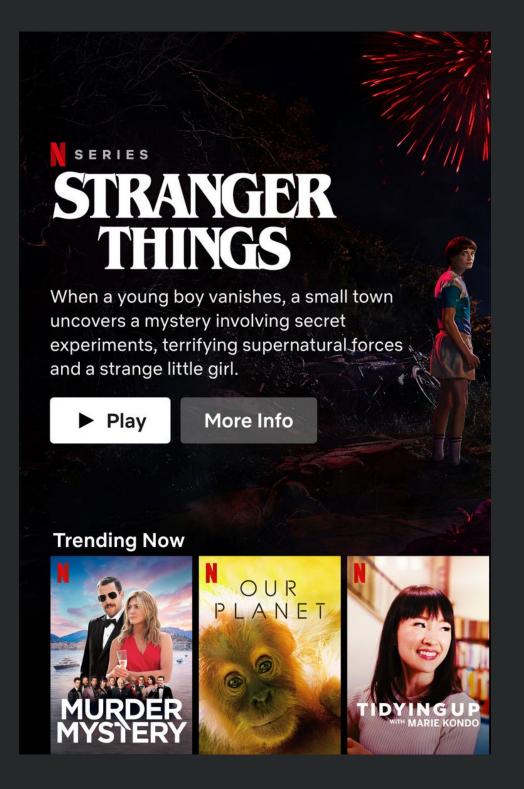


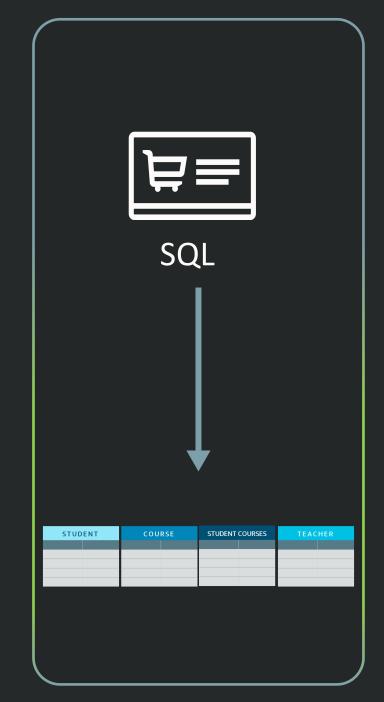


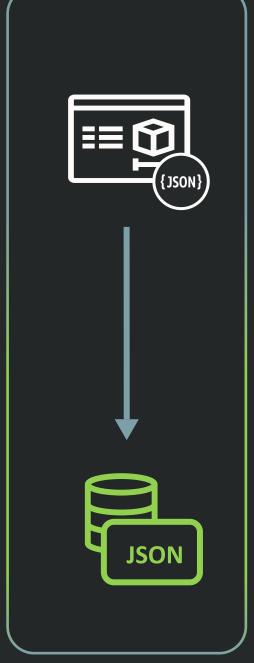




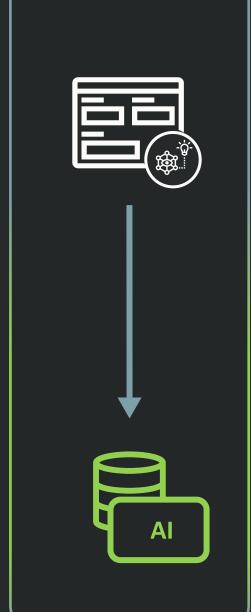














where are good places to rent in Perth



ChatGPT

Perth, Western Australia, offers a variety of neighborhoods and suburbs, each with its own unique characteristics and attractions. The best place for you to rent will depend on your preferences, budget, and lifestyle. Here are some popular areas to consider:

it sounds good but ...

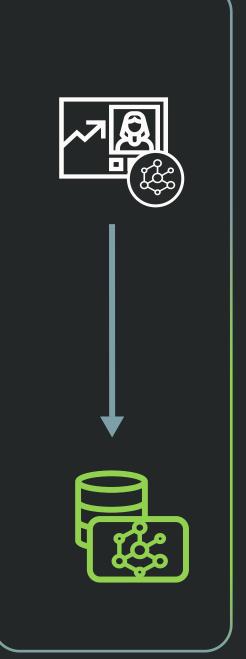
it got worse for customers

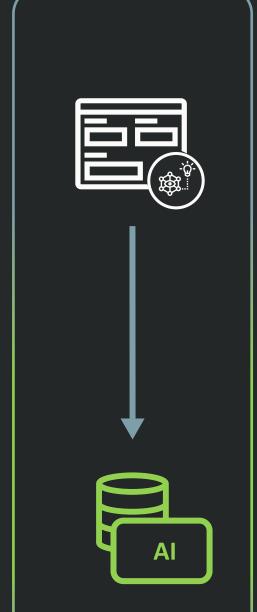
"I swear if I get another version of the same employee record, we are FINISHED!"

it got worse for developers



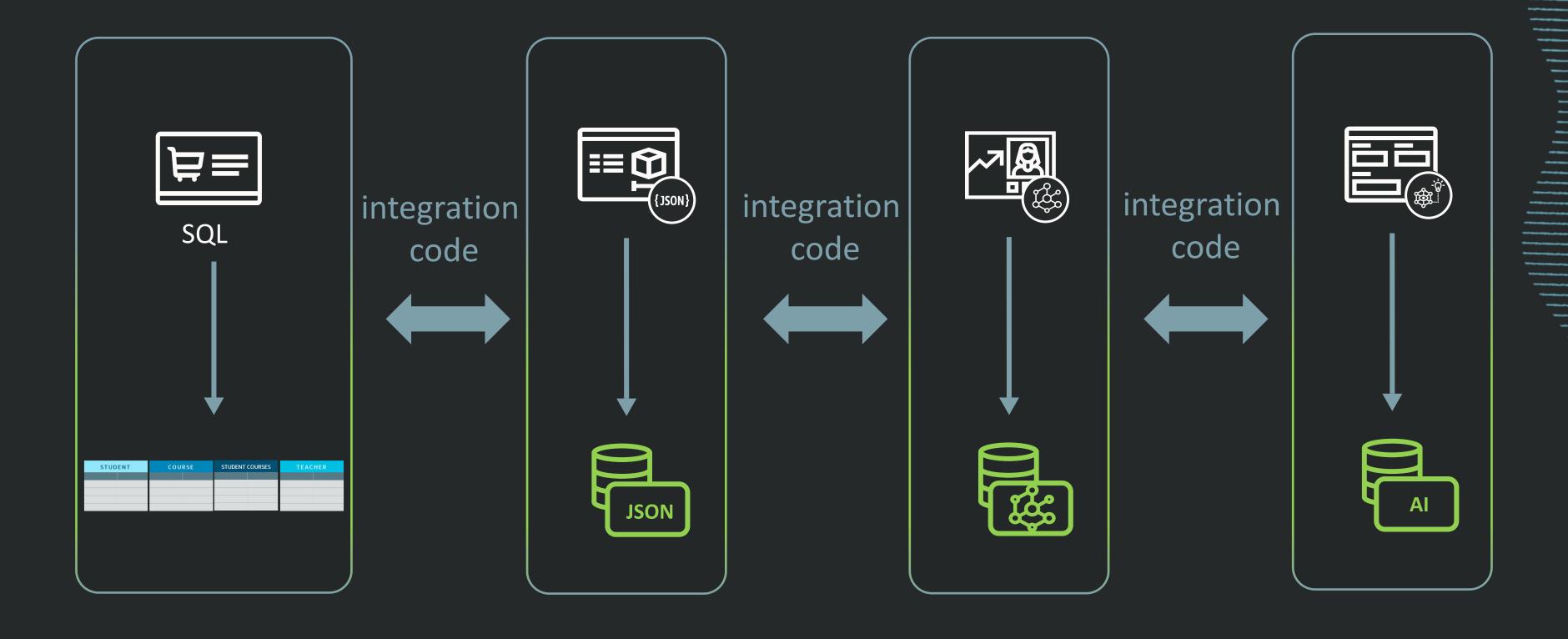






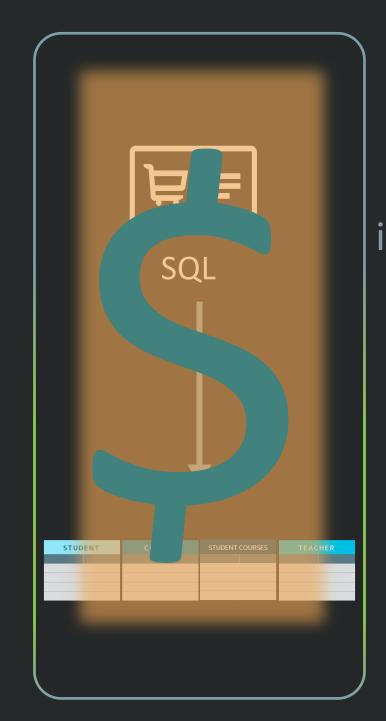
not the reality

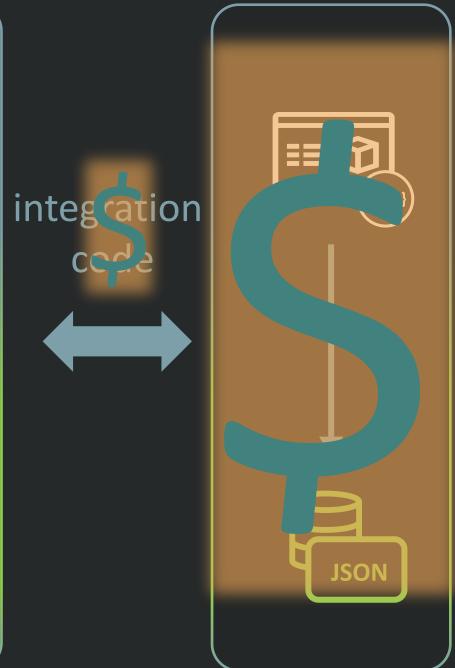


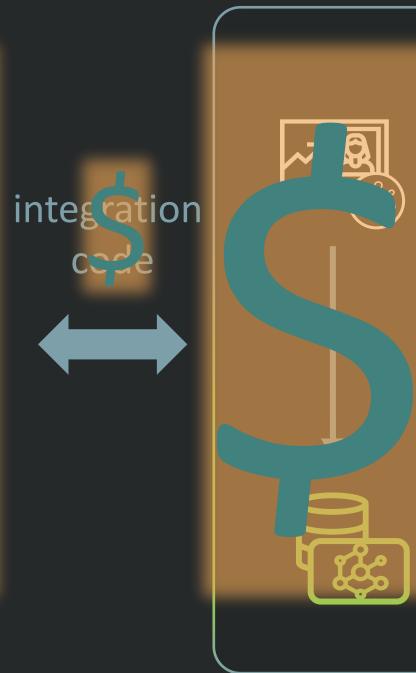


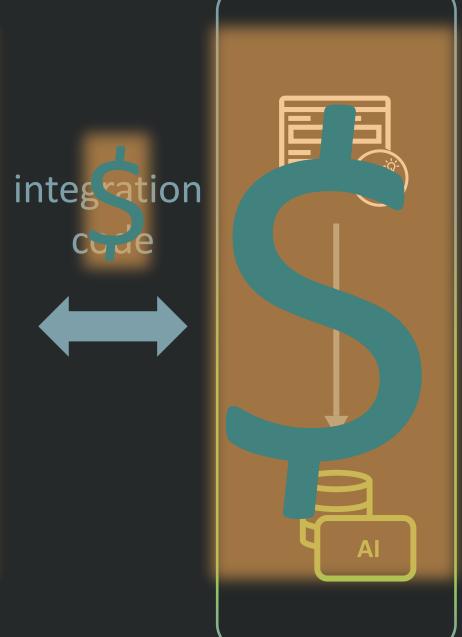
it's great for \











the data quality issues came back

relational = declarative data accuracy

its why we moved away from hierarchy

```
SCHEDULE FOR: JILL
"studentID"
              : "S3245",
"name"
              : "Jill",
"major"
              : "Math",
"schedule"
       "time"
                 : "14:00",
       "course" : "Math 201",
       "room"
                 : "A102",
       "teacher" : "Adam"
       "time"
                 : "16:00",
       "course" : "Science 102",
       "room"
                 : "B405",
       "teacher" : "Anita"
```



Duplicated

```
SCHEDULE FOR: LUCAS
"studentID"
              : "S4356",
"name"
              : "Lucas",
"major"
              : "Engineering",
"schedule"
        "time"
                 : "14:00",
        "course" : "Math 201",
        "room"
                 : "A102",
       "teacher" : "Adam"
       "time"
                 : "18:00",
       "course" : "Physics",
                 : "A115",
       "room"
       "teacher" : "Alex"
```

0



data usage



data storage



not by storage

"I need documents"

"I need graph"

"I need rows"

{JSON}

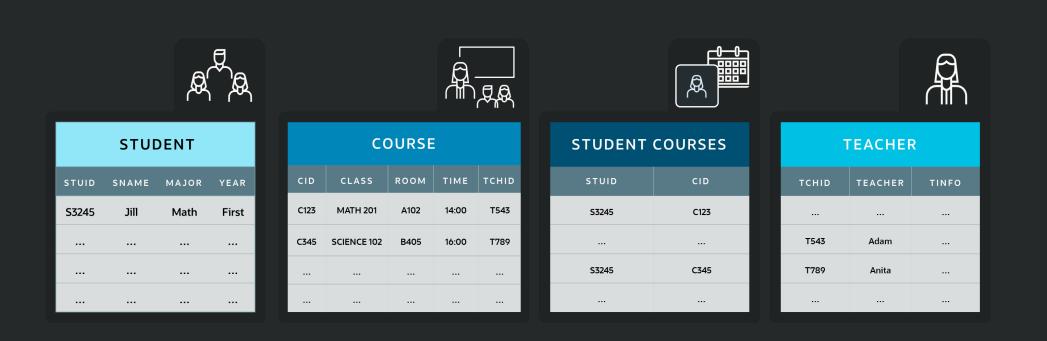






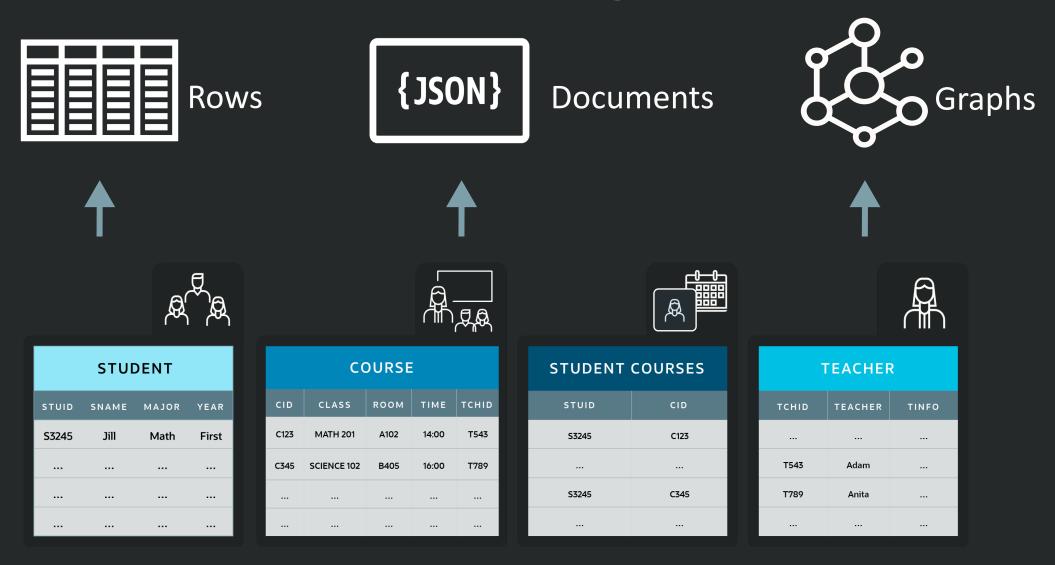
single truth

we know how to do single truth



Relational storage format

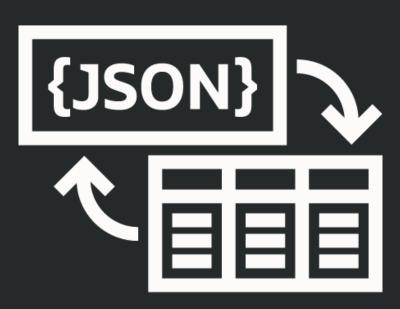
Generated usage formats



Relational storage format

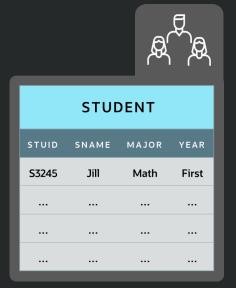
we need to define the usage intent

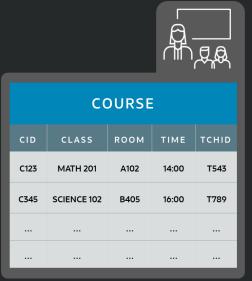


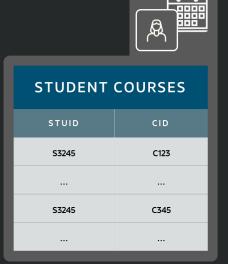


JSON Relational Duality Views

















```
"studentID"
             : "S3245",
             : "Jill",
"name"
             : "Math",
"major"
"schedule"
      "time"
                : "14:00",
      "course" : "Math 201",
      "room"
                : "A102",
      "teacher" : "Adam"
    },
      "time"
               : "16:00",
      "course" : "Science 102",
      "room"
                : "B405",
      "teacher" : "Anita"
```

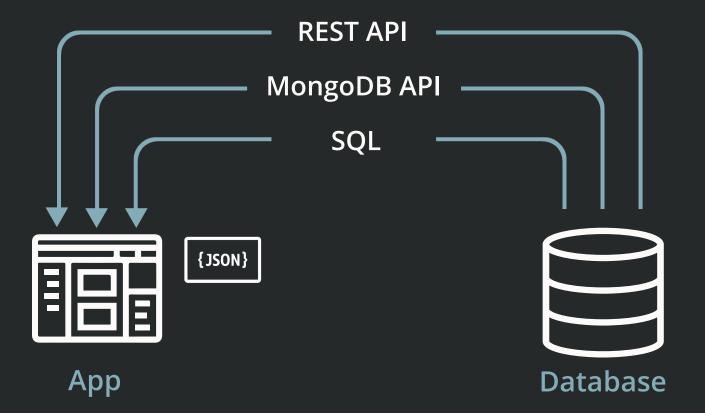
easy definition

```
CREATE JSON DUALITY VIEW student_schedule
    AS student
                : stuid
      student
      name
                : sname
      major : major
      schedule : student_courses
       [ {
       course
            time
                      : time
            course
                      : cname
            courseId : cid
            room
                      : room
            teacher @unnest
              teacher : tname
    };
```

```
STUDENT SCHEDULE FOR: JILL
 "studentID"
               : "S3245",
 "name"
               : "Jill",
 "major"
               : "Math",
 "schedule"
        "time"
                  : "14:00",
        "course" : "Math 201",
        "room"
                  : "A102",
        "teacher" : "Adam"
      },
```

document APIs for developers

GET school.edu/student_sched?q={"studentID":{"\$eq":"Jill"}}



it is still relational data

STUDENT SCHEDULE FOR: JILL



```
"studentID"
              : "S3245",
              : "Jill",
"name"
"major"
              : "Math",
"schedule"
       "time"
                 : "14:00",
                 : "Math 201",
       "course"
       "room"
                 : "A102",
       "teacher" : "Adam"
       "time"
                 : "16:00",
                 : "Science 102",
       "course"
                 : "B405",
       "room"
       "teacher" : "Anita"
```

Looks duplicated but is not

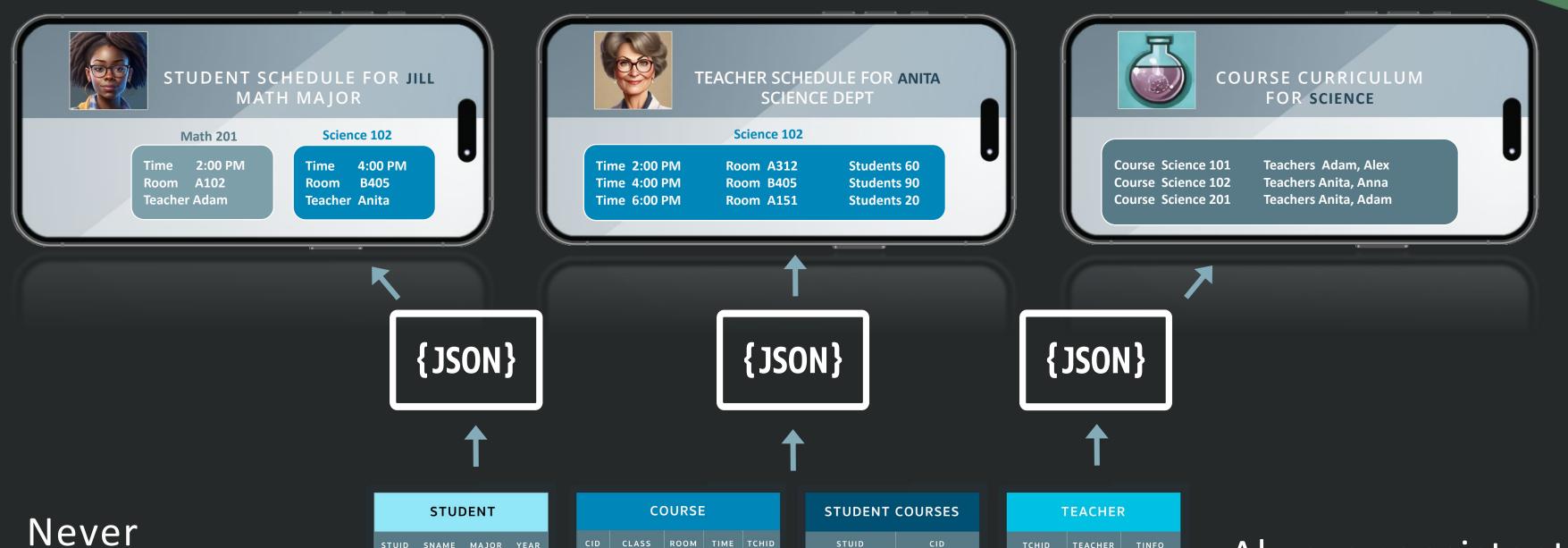
STUDENT SCHEDULE FOR: LUCAS



```
"studentID"
              : "S4356",
"name"
              : "Lucas",
              : "Engineering",
"major"
"schedule"
       "time"
                 : "14:00",
       "course"
                 : "Math 201",
       "room"
                 : "A102",
       "teacher" : "Adam"
       "time"
                 : "18:00",
                 : "Physics",
       "course"
       "room"
                 : "A115",
       "teacher" : "Alex"
```

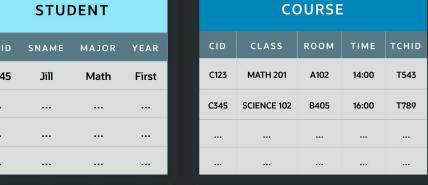
different JSON for different use cases

data never duplicated



duplicates Data







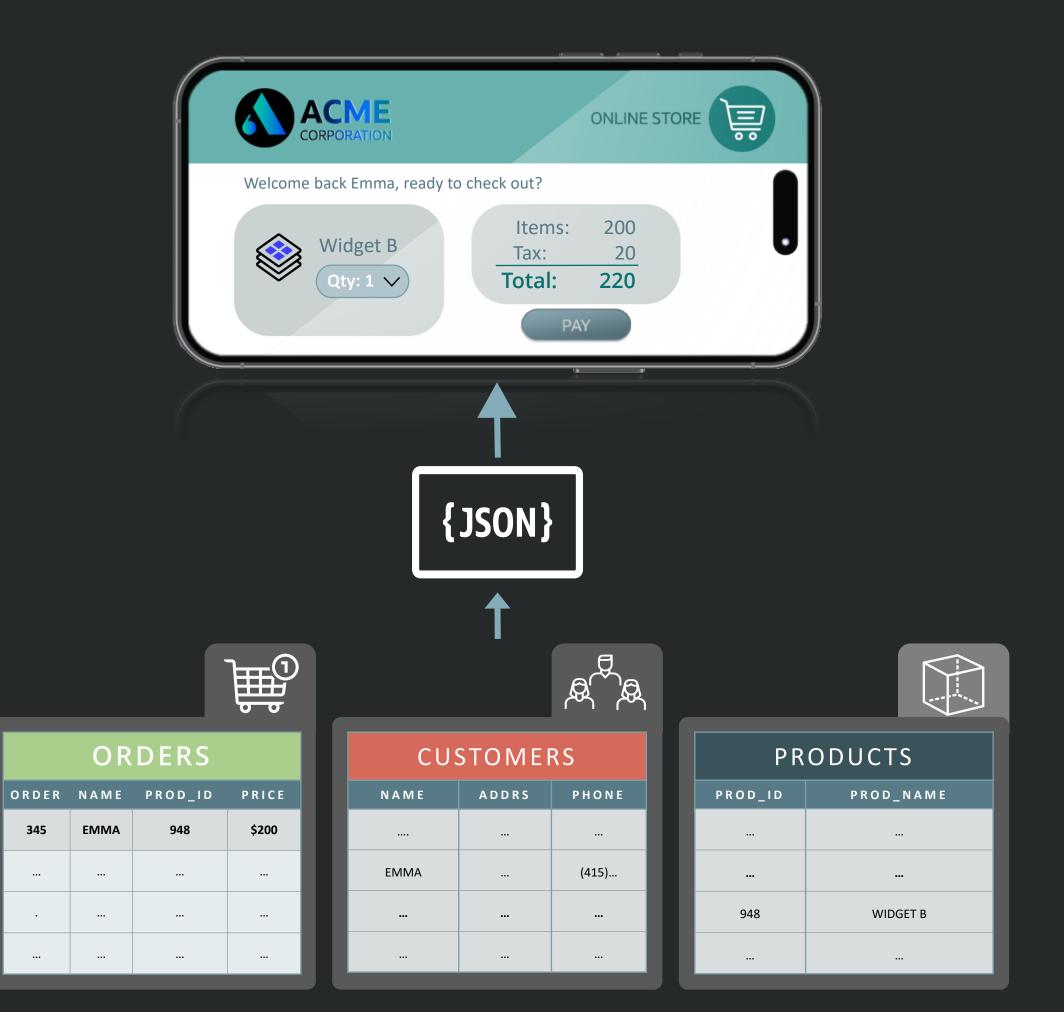


Always consistent



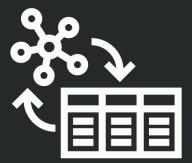
modernise legacy applications

no database rework

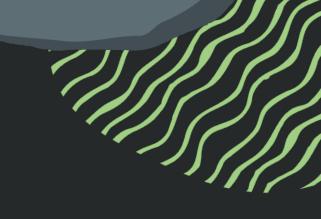


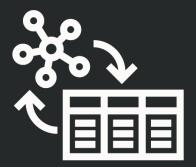
•••





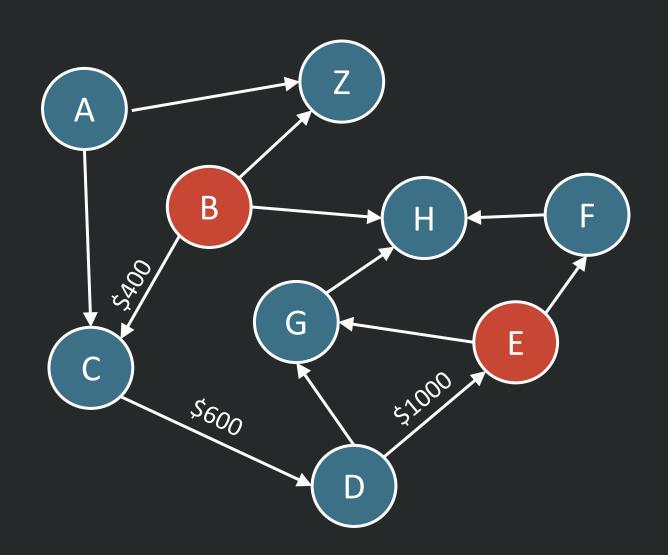
bring the same principle to graph





relational storage with graph usage intent

How to write this in SQL?



cash transfers from account "B" to account "E"?

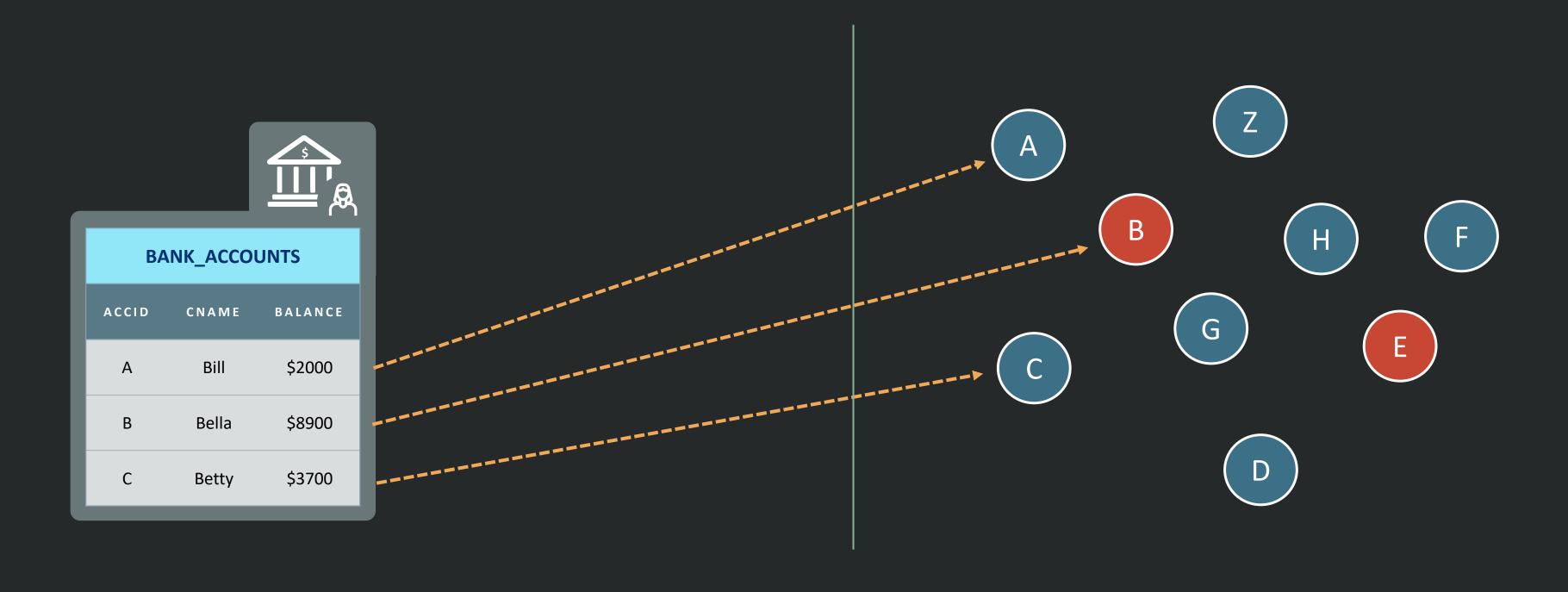


```
SELECT "v1.id" AS "ACCT_B", "v2.id" AS "ACCT_E"
FROM (SELECT "V1"."ID" AS "v1.id", "V2"."ID" AS "v2.id"
FROM "GRAPHUSER". "BANK TRANSFERS" "V1",
     "GRAPHUSER". "BANK TRANSFERS" "V2",
     (WITH t1(src table, src key, dst table, dst key, exp, lvl)
      -- Anchor member.
      SELECT "src table" AS src table, "src key" AS src key,
      "src table" AS dst table, "src key" AS dst key, ''AS exp,
      0 AS 1vl
      FROM
        (SELECT 'BANK_TRANSFERS' AS "src_table", v1.id AS "src_key"
         FROM "GRAPHUSER". "BANK TRANSFERS" "V1"
        WHERE ("V1"."ID" = 1))
        UNION ALL
         -- Recursive member.
         SELECT t1.src_table, t1.src_key,t2."dst_table" AS dst_table,
                t2. "dst_key" AS dst_key,t1.exp || t2."exp" AS exp,t1.1vl + 1 AS lvl
         FROM
           (SELECT 'BANK_TRANSFERS' AS "src_table", "anonymous_1".follower_idAS "src_key",
                   'BANK_TRANSFERS' AS "dst_table", "anonymous_1".followed_id AS "dst_key",
                   '' AS "edge_table",'' AS "edge_key",
                   (('<EXPRESSIONS>' | | '') | '</EXPRESSIONS>') AS "exp"
            FROM "GRAPHUSER"."FOLLOWS" "anonymous_1"
            WHERE (NOT("anonymous_1"."FOLLOWER_ID" IS NULL)
            AND NOT("anonymous 1". "FOLLOWED ID" IS NULL))) t2,
     t1AS (
     . . .
     • • •
```

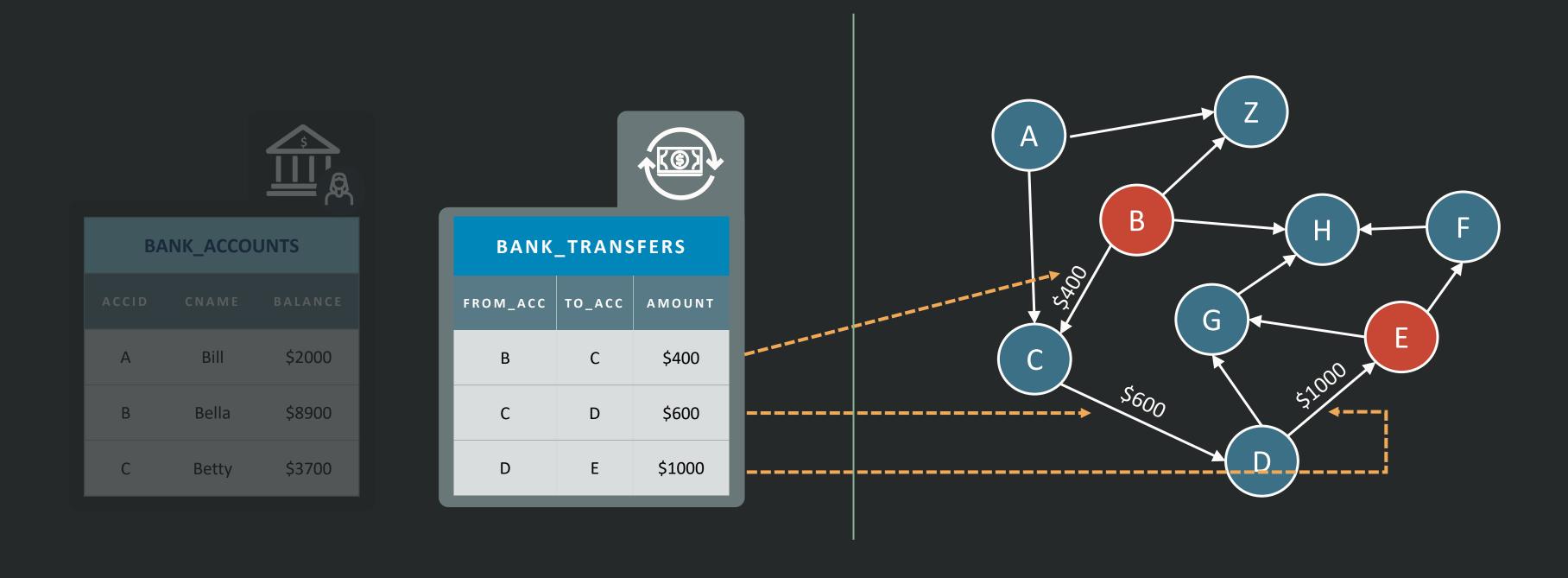


property graph view

bank accounts — vertices



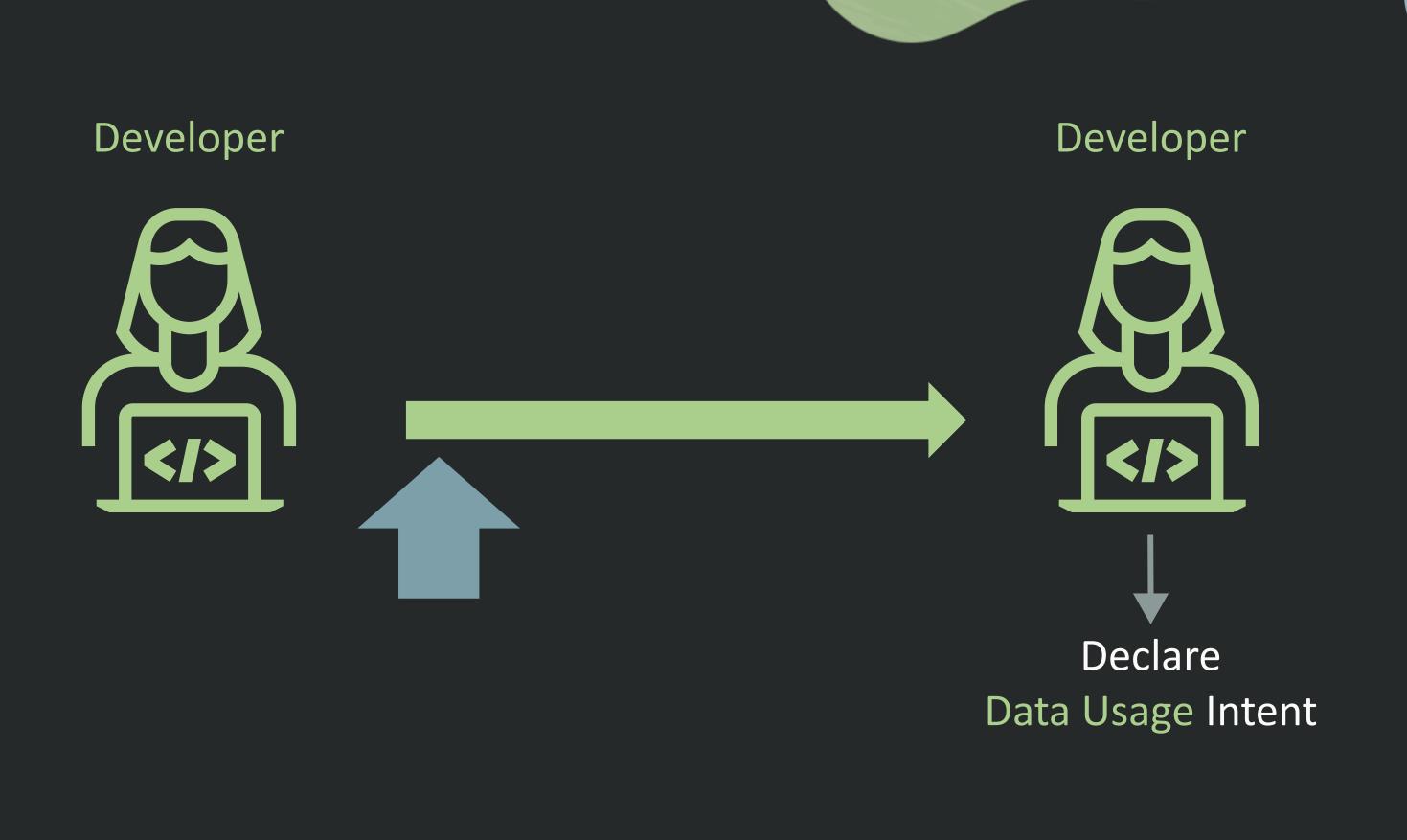
transfers — edges



```
CREATE PROPERTY GRAPH bank_graph
       VERTEX TABLES
         bank_accounts as accounts <</pre>
                                                                     BANK_ACCOUNTS
         PROPERTIES (id, balance))
       EDGE TABLES (
         bank_transfers 
                                                                     BANK_TRANSFERS
         SOURCE KEY (from_acc) REFERENCES ACCOUNTS(ID)
         DESTINATION KEY (to_acc) REFERENCES ACCOUNTS(ID)
         PROPERTIES (amount, to_acc))
```

```
SELECT graph.path
       GRAPH_TABLE (
FROM
       bank_graph
        MATCH (v1)-[e is TRANSFER]->{1,3} (v2)
         WHERE v1.id = 'B'
                v2.id = 'E'
         AND
        COLUMNS LISTAGG(e.to_acc, /,') AS path)
         graph
```

Vertex 1 (ID='Bby a bank transfer between 1 and 3 hops is linked to vertex 2 (ID='E')



1) generate data for usage

2) generate apps not code them

Low-Code Developer

Low-Code Developer



Write
App Code



Declare App Intent

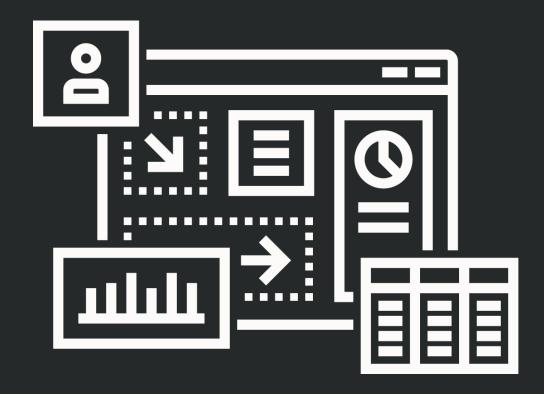
low code is more productive but ...

... most historical attempts have failed

for 2 reasons

1) generates the code, maintain the code

2) the leap to enterprise class



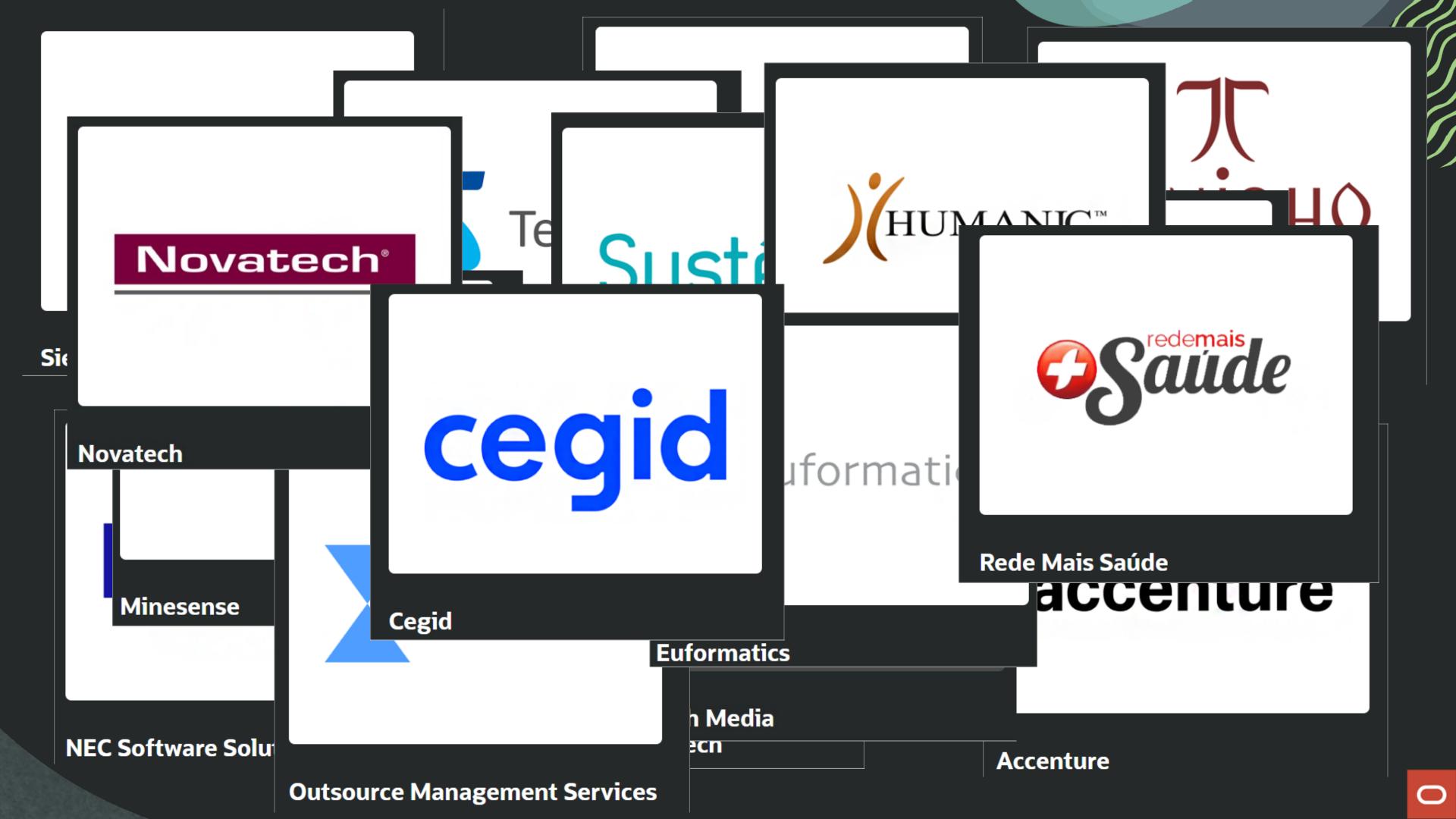
Over 2 million APEX apps
3K new apps are every day

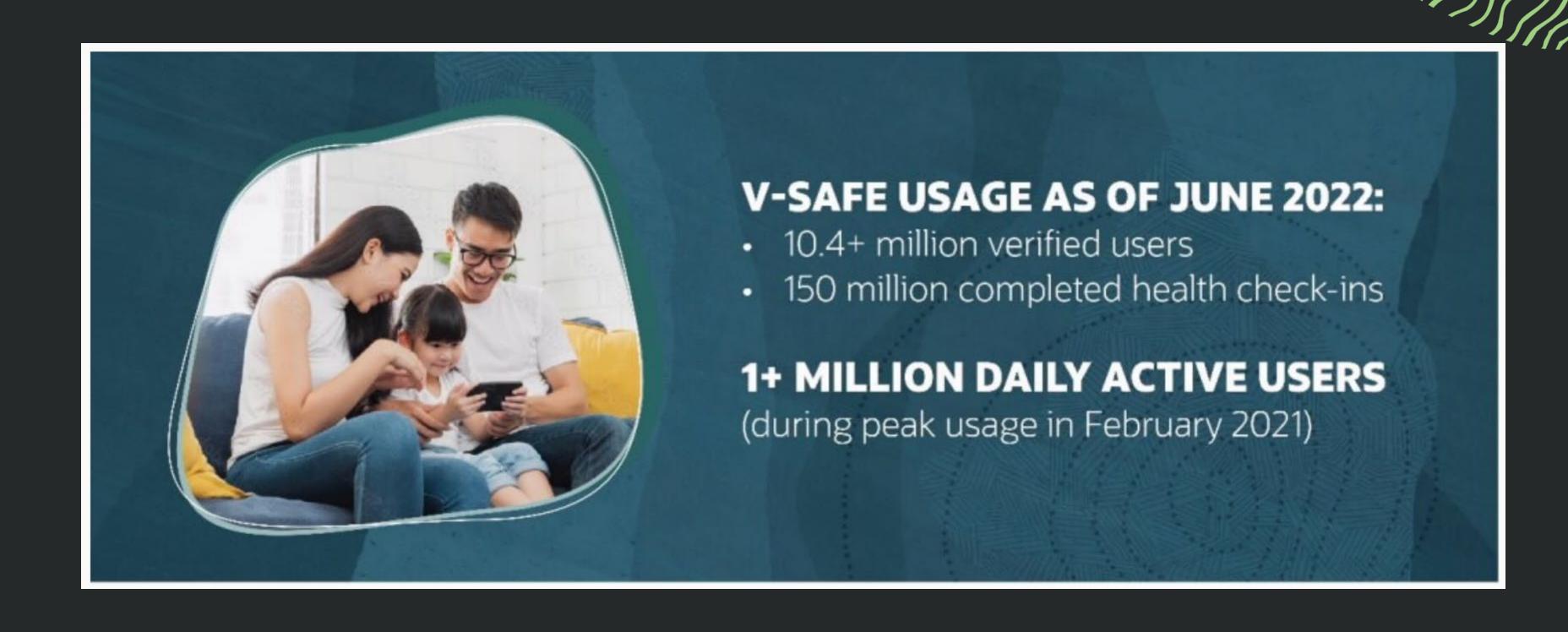
APEX solves both issues

metadata

^generates the code, maintain the coetadata

enterprise grade apps





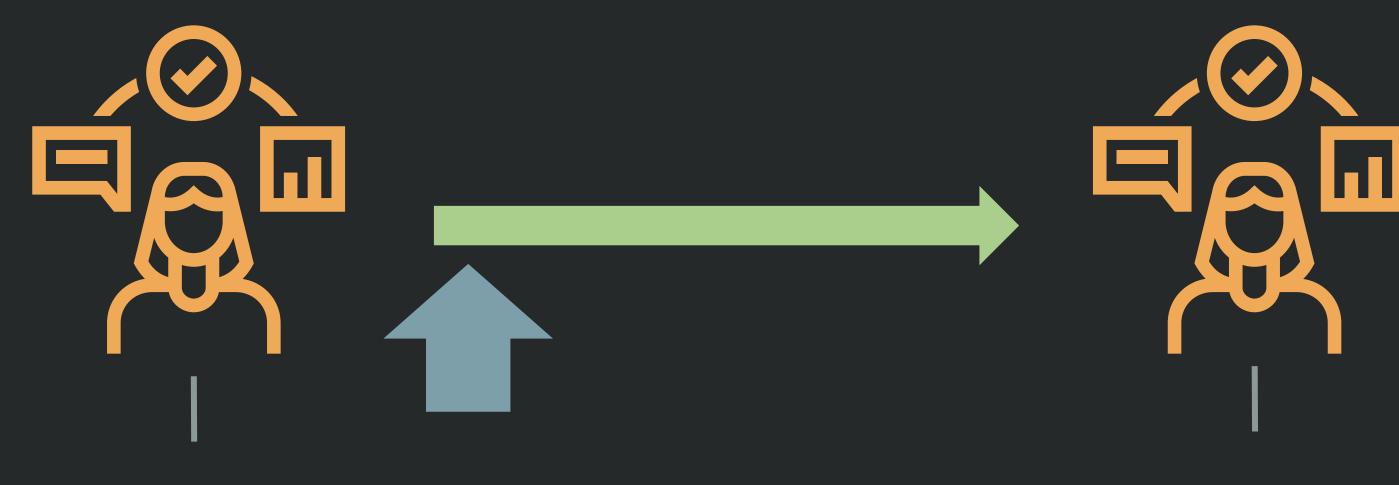
low code is not just APEX

low code across all domains

Low-code	Semantic	Data	ML	Graph
data modeling	Modeling	Modeling	Modeling	Modeling
Low-code	↑	Data Integration	Data	REST
data motion	Data Sharing		Catalog	Services
Low-code data analysis	Data Analysis	SQL Worksheet	Notebooks	JSON JSON Worksheet

Low-Code Developer

Low-Code Developer



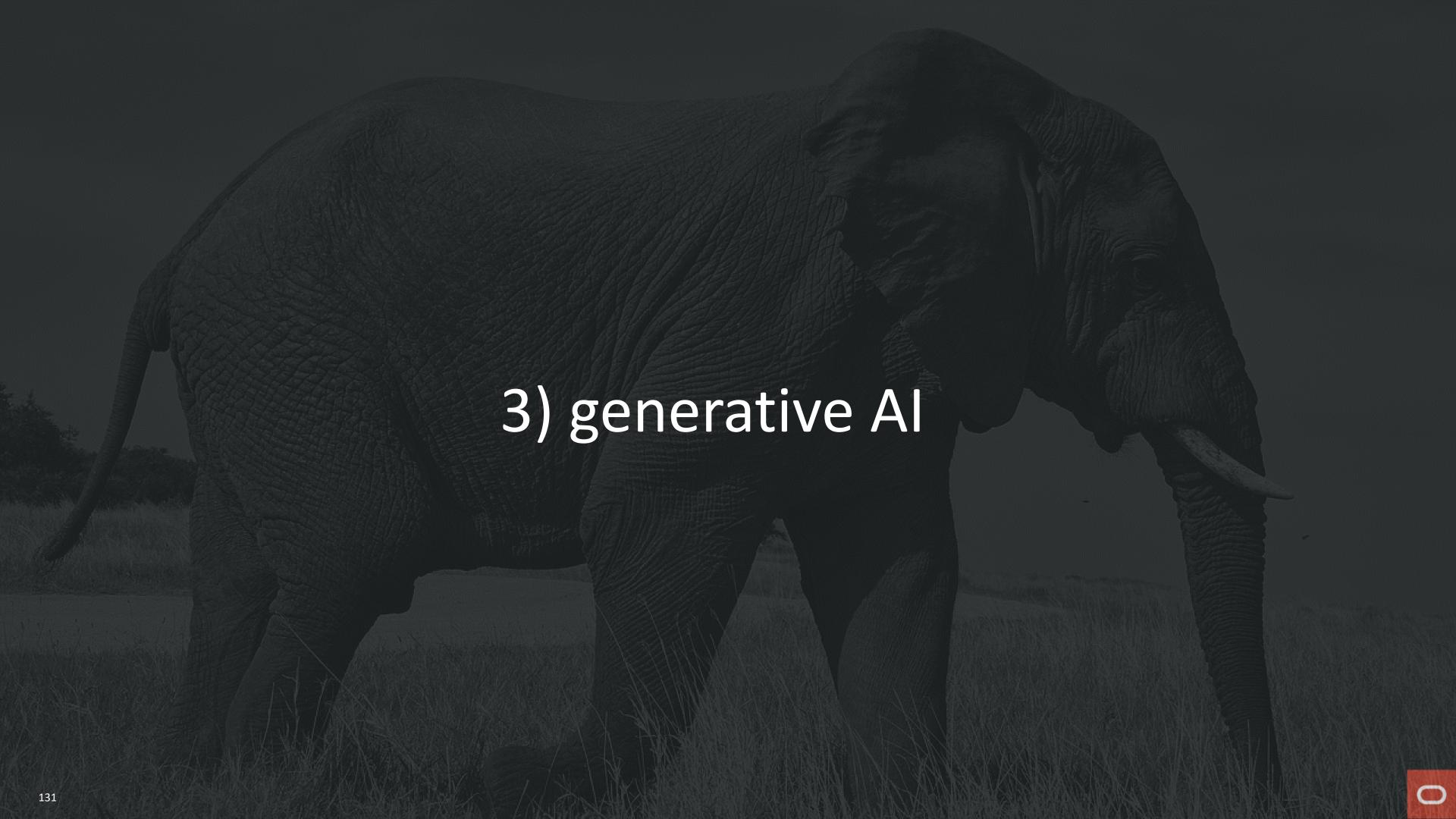
Write
App Code

Declare App Intent

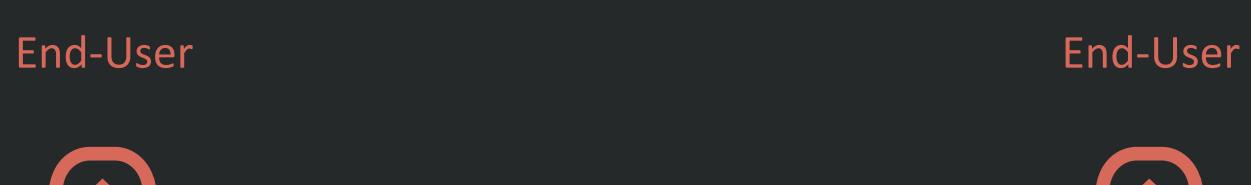
1) generate data for usage

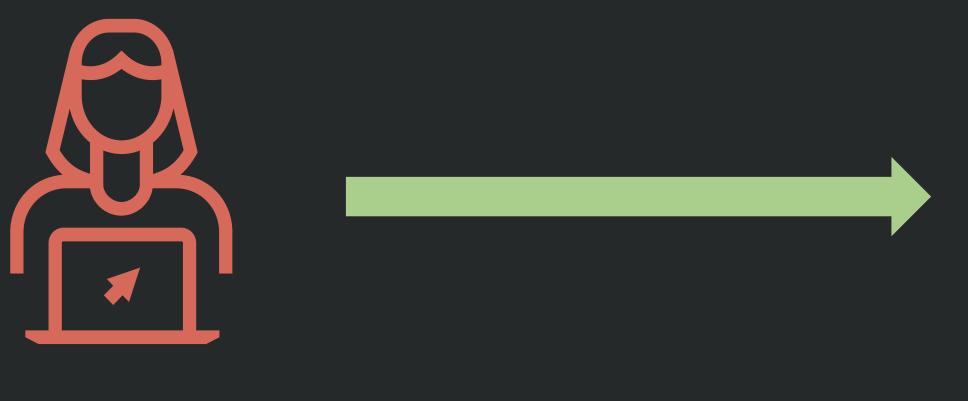
2) generate apps not code them





new wave of declarative intent







User Intent

exploit any data with natural language

exploit any data ...

the basics



"new" data type



50 21 16 42 33

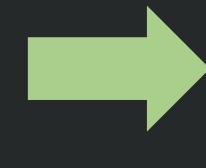
Al Vectors



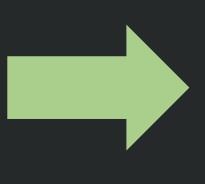
map data to a vector

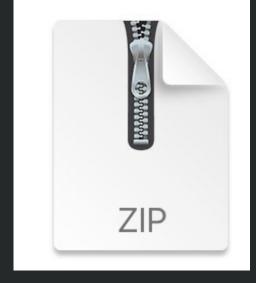
Vector











raw data 10TB

150

10,000 GPUs weeks of compute \$\$\$\$\$

vectors 100GB

vector similarity

```
\dagger d_1
                                                elephant
                                        dog
                                                          lion
                                                  cat
                                                               kitten
                                      wolf
                                                 puppy
                 pear
       plum
                           strawberry
            apple
                                                        New York
                    raspberry
       kiwi
                                                                      Texas
                       blackberry
                                                          California
```

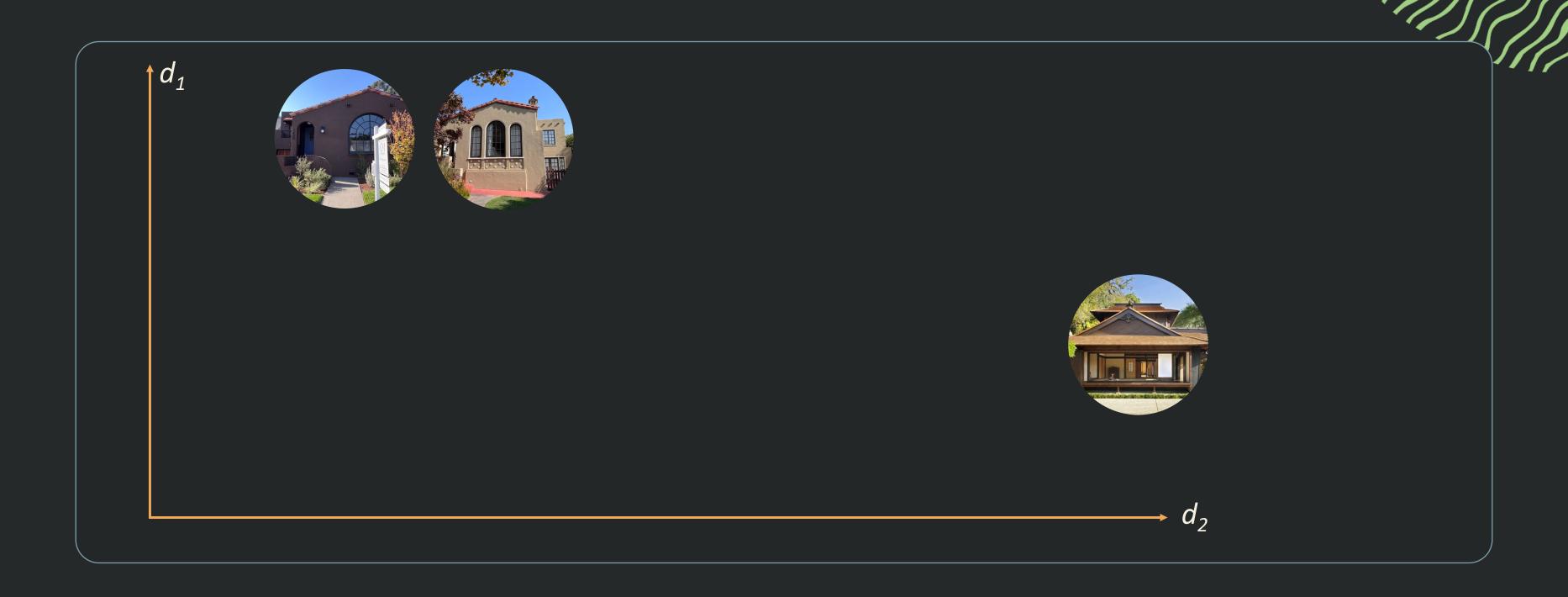
160

```
\dagger d_1
                                                  elephant
tiger
                                          dog
                                                             lion
                                                    cat
                                                                  kitten
                                       wolf
                                                   puppy
                  pear
       plum
                            strawberry
            apple
                                                           New York
                     raspberry
       kiwi
                                                                          Texas
                         blackberry
                                                             California
```

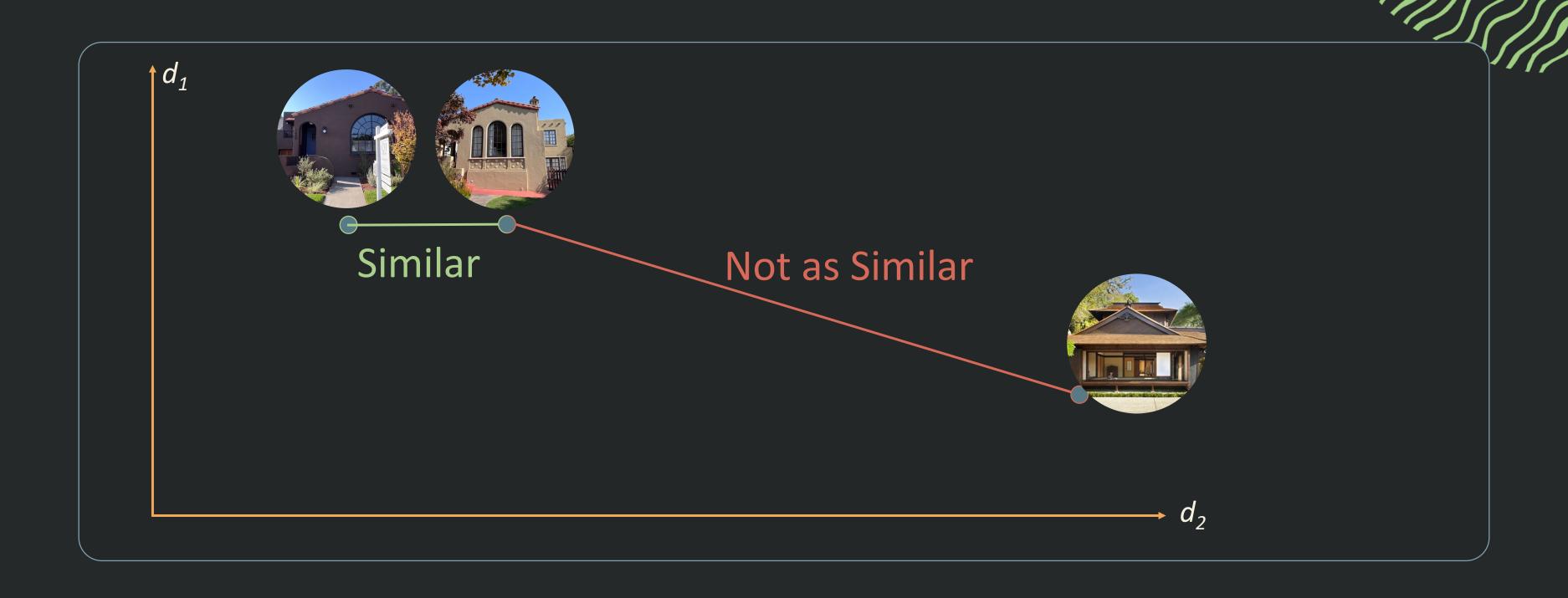
161

more realistic example: house search





(simplified to 2 dimensions)



distance defines similarity

can apply to anything

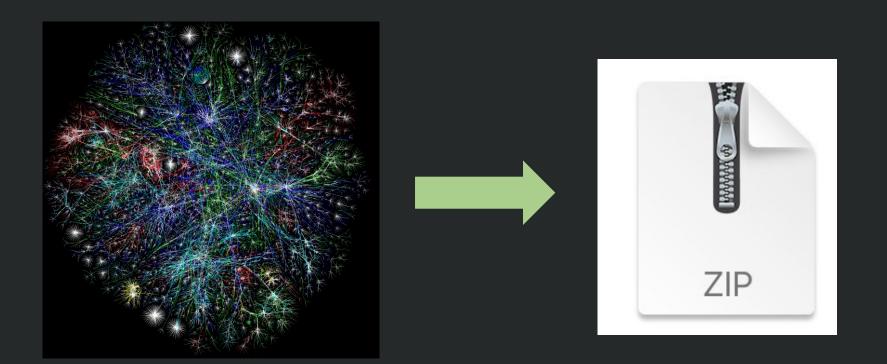
10TB housing data

10TB code

10TB medical studies

10TB literature

10TB "the internet"



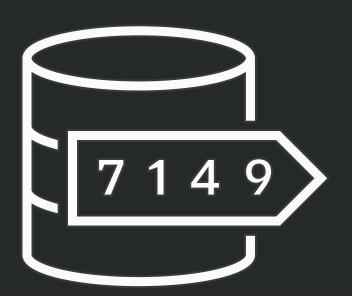
so many potential use cases

but we have a similar challenge

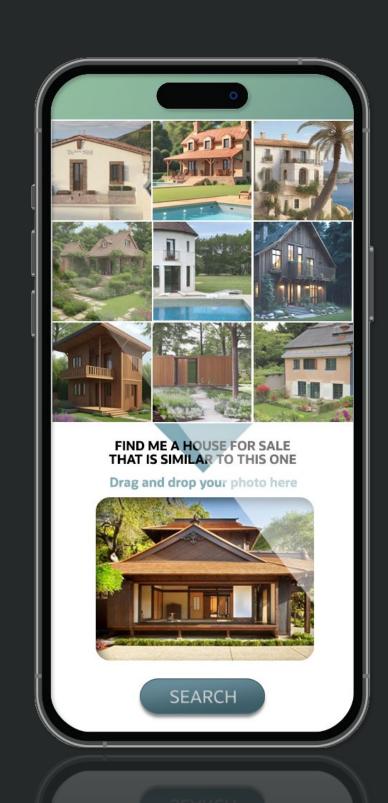
back to house hunting



start with image similarity search



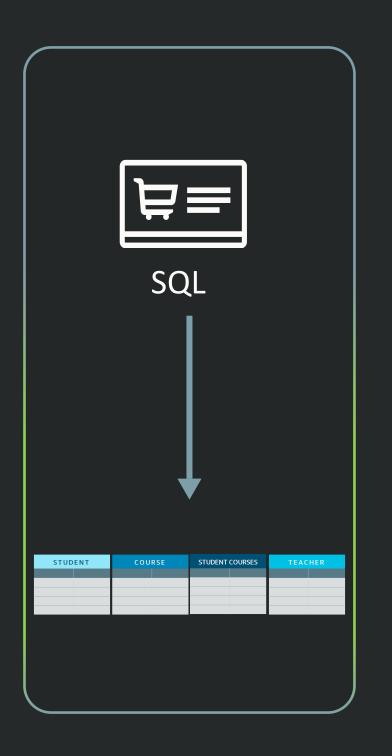
Vector Database

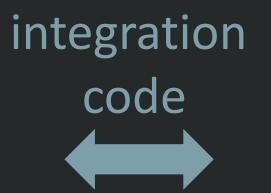


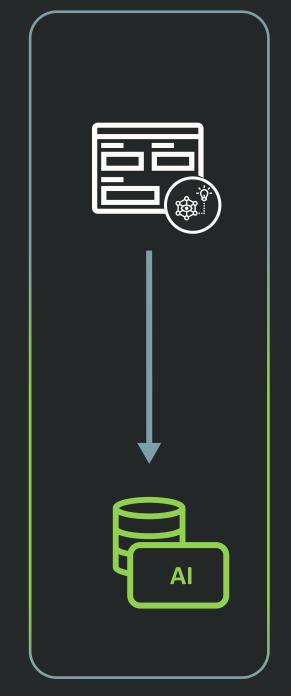




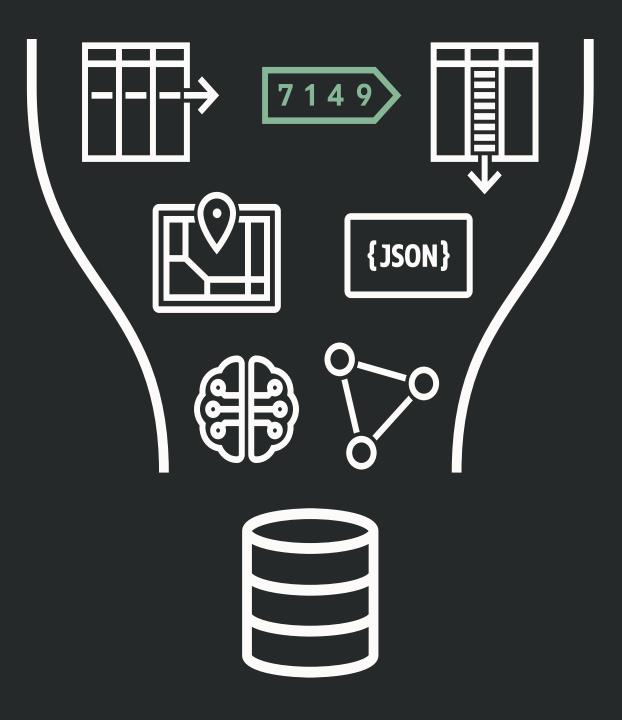
Business Database











Converged Database



new datatype

```
CREATE TABLE house_for_sale
  (house_id number,
    price number,
    city varchar2(400),
    house_photo blob,
    house_vector VECTOR
);
```





new functions

```
SELECT ...

FROM house_for_sale

ORDER BY

vector_distance(house_vector,:myvector);
```





converged



for the end user ... we still aren't there



Declare
User Intent

naturalsanguage

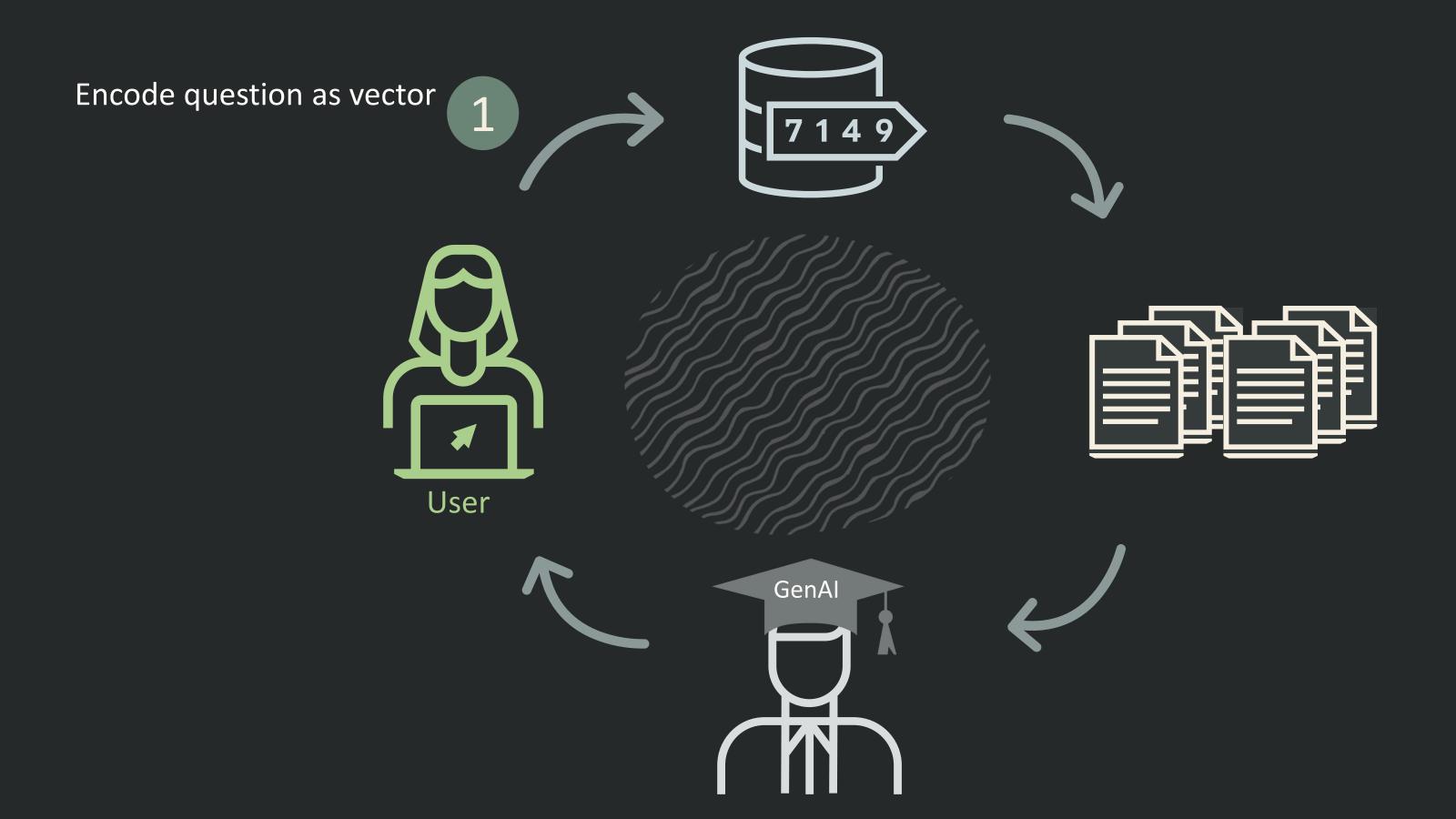
vectors / vector distance

natural data

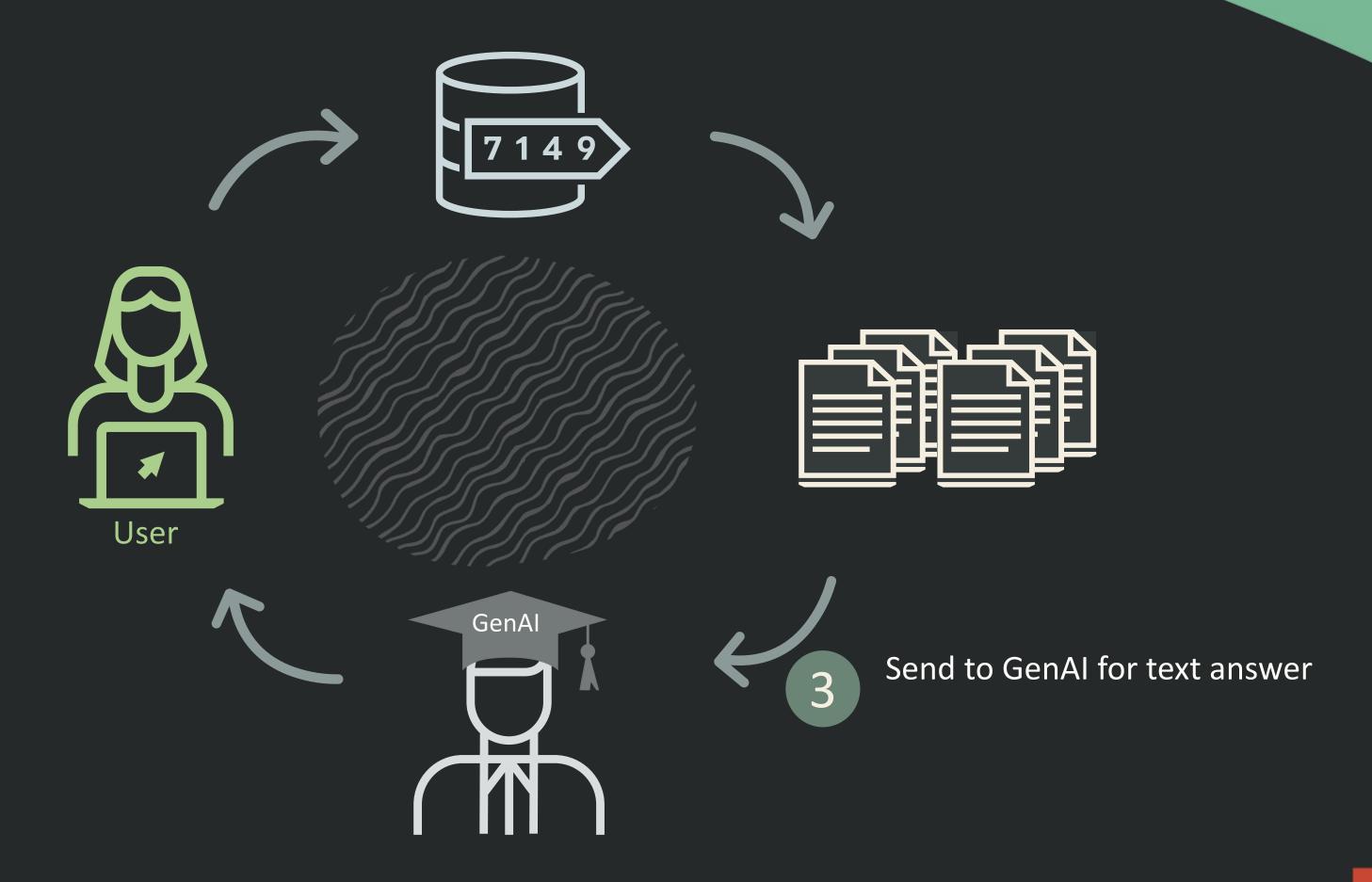
language, images, etc

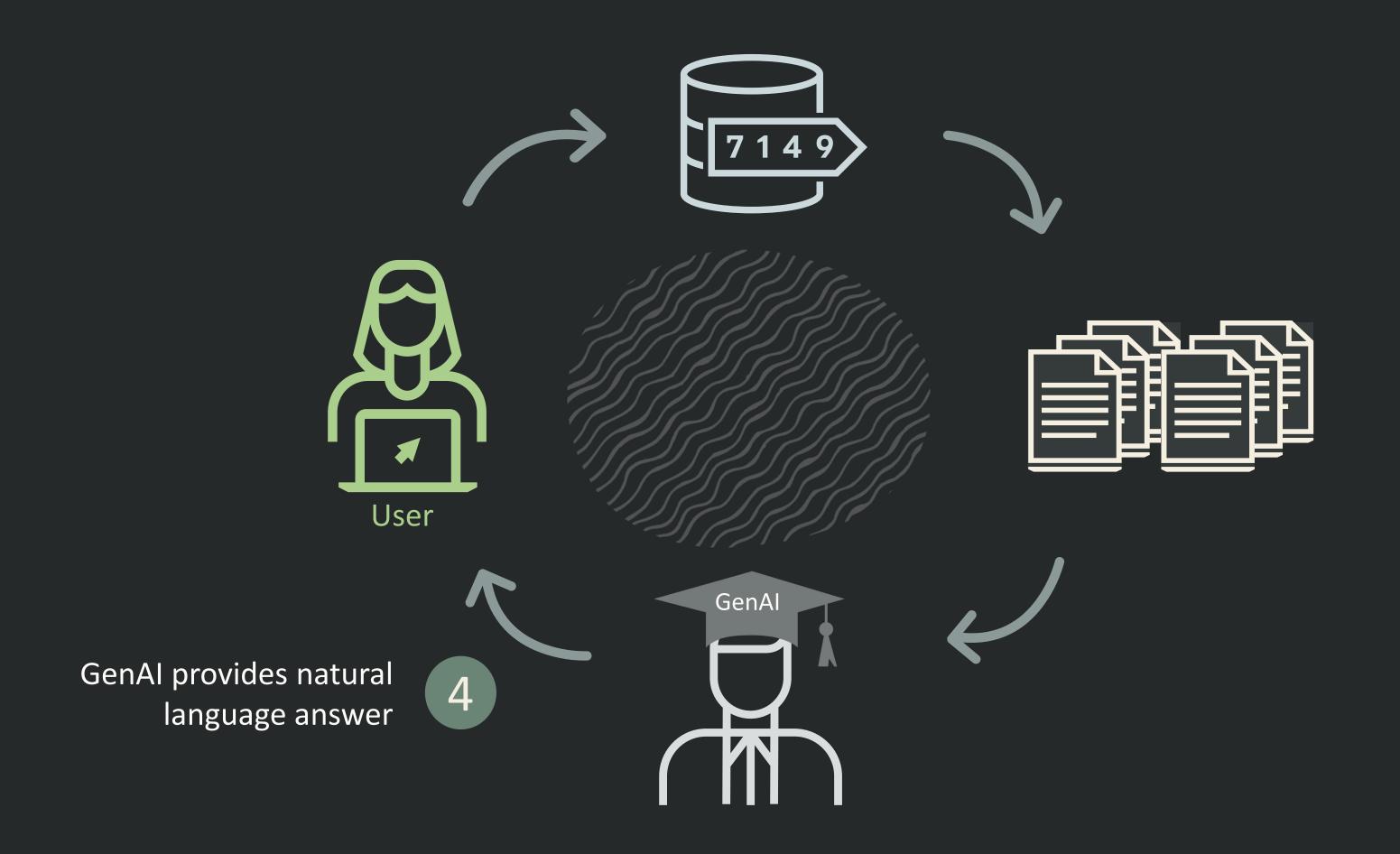
add Generative Al





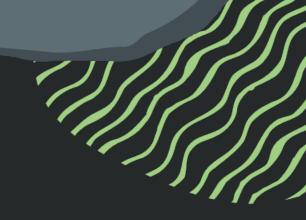






and even more iterative ...



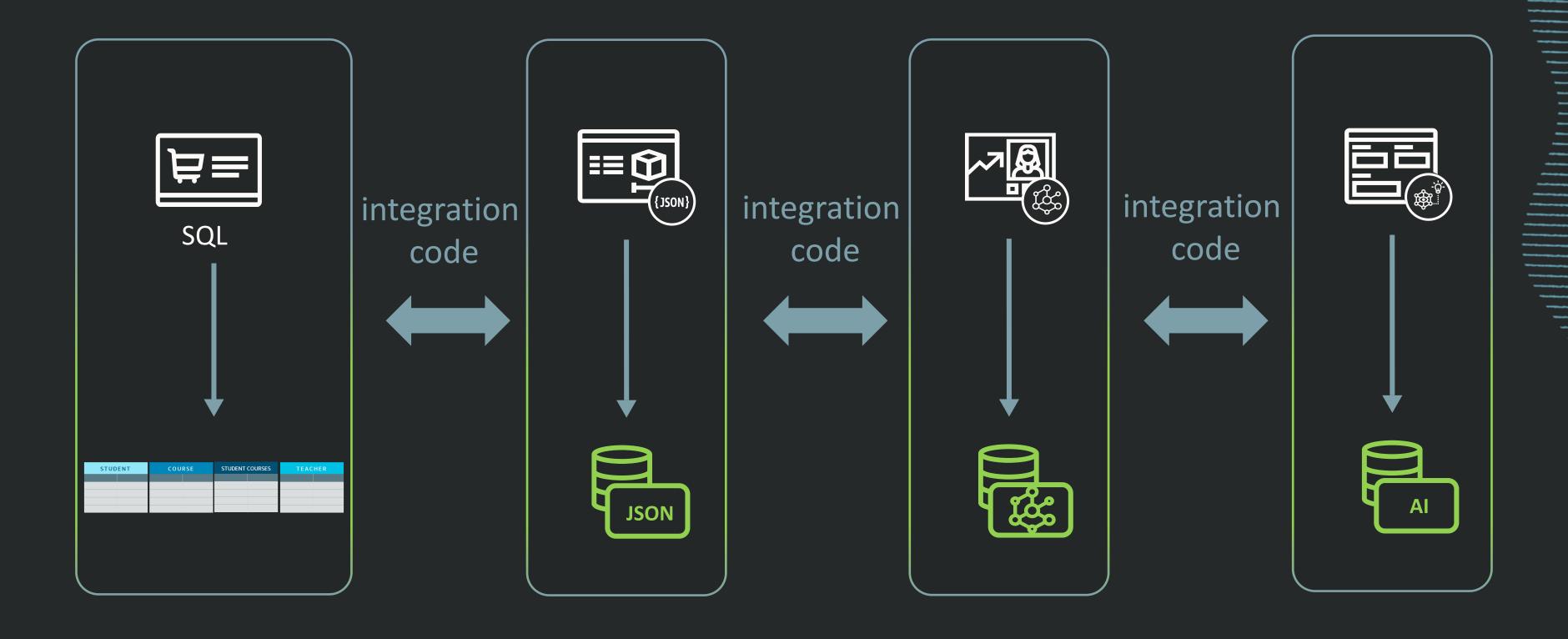


wrap up

we lost our way



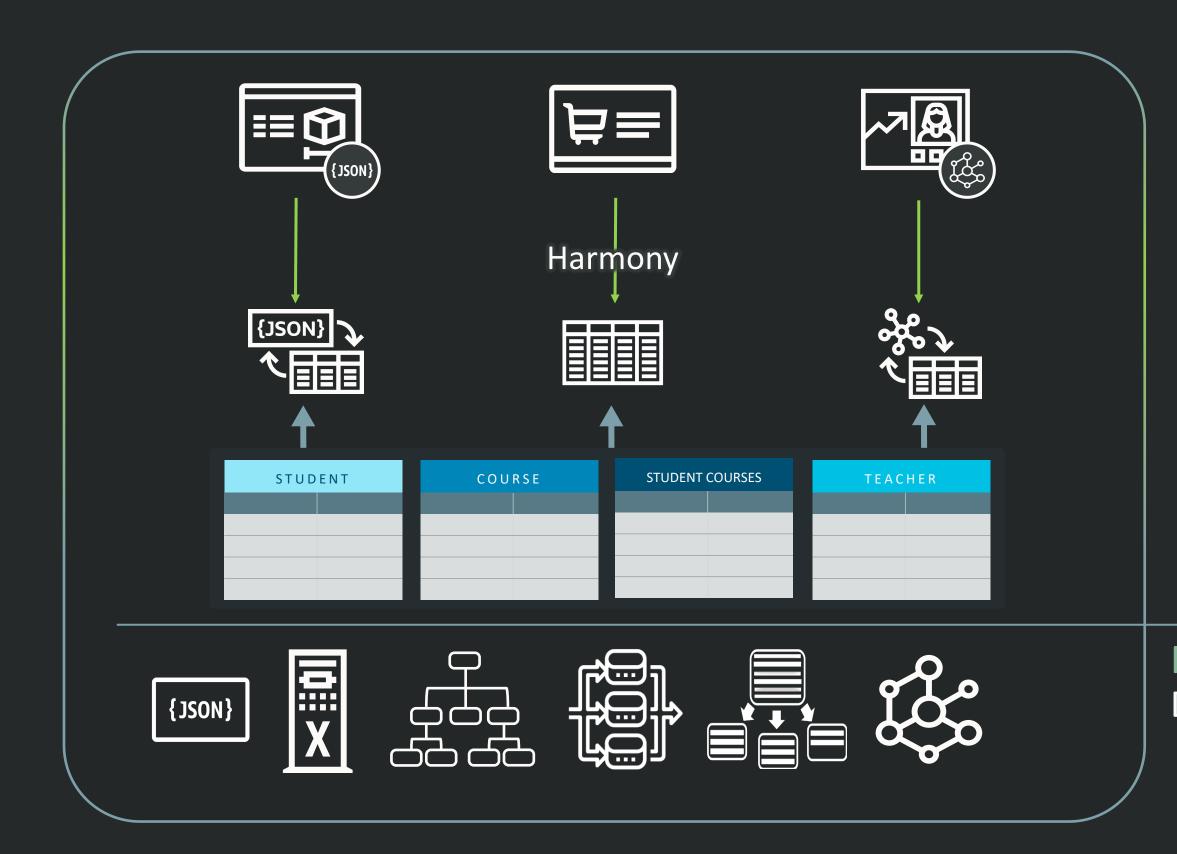
data usage = data storage



data usage



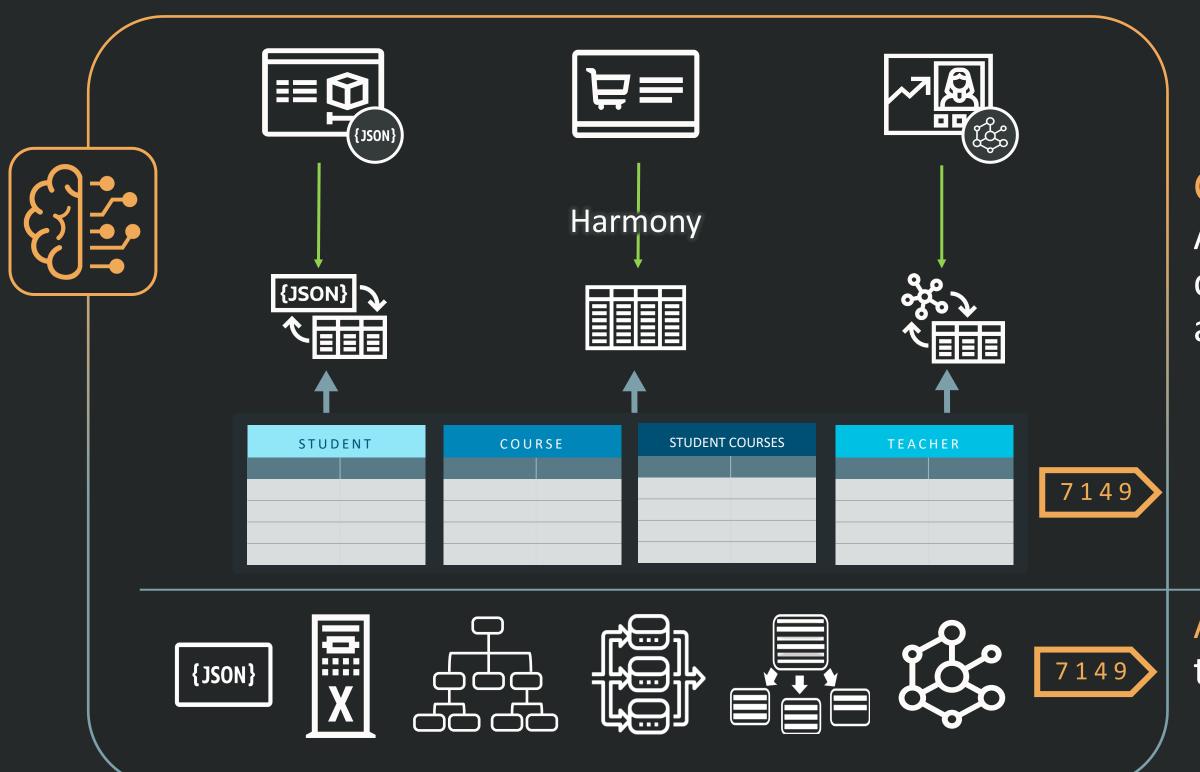
data storage



Database provides data as per usage needs

Simpler App Dev with none of the drawbacks

Relational Storage Model Data consistency & quality



Generative Al

Allows natural language for questions, code and applications

Al Vectors bring semantic search to business data

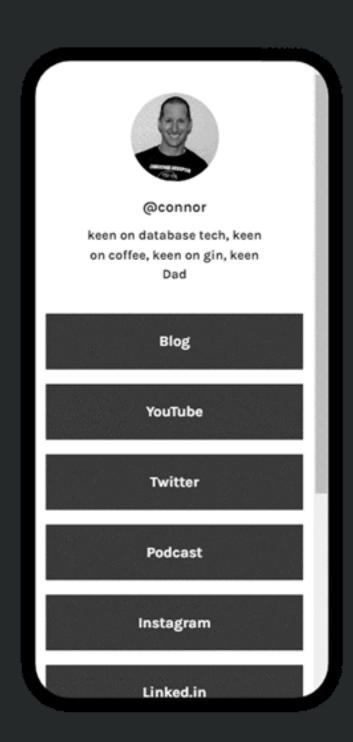


the future looks awesome!

Learn more



Thank you!



linktr.ee/connor

