

Guardians of the Data Protecting Oracle databases and backups from Ransomware and Malicious Intent



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Positioned Highest in Execution, Furthest in Vision

2025 Gartner® Magic Quadrant™ for Enterprise Storage Platforms

Figure 1: Magic Quadrant for Enterprise Storage Platforms



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The Oracle ACE Program

600+ technical experts helping peers globally



- The Oracle ACE Program recognizes and rewards community members for their technical and community contributions to the Oracle community
- 3 membership levels: Director, Pro, and Associate
- Nominate yourself or a colleague at ace.oracle.com/nominate
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ACE Member Benefits



Key Benefits

Cool **swag***, Digital awards for social media, Oracle **CloudWorld pass***, & more



Exclusive Content

Exclusive **monthly virtual meetings** with product development teams + engaging guest speakers



Direct Access to Product Management

Multiple **direct communication channels** to product management and fellow ACEs



Networking

In-person & virtual networking opportunities for ACEs to **connect with product development** and each other.



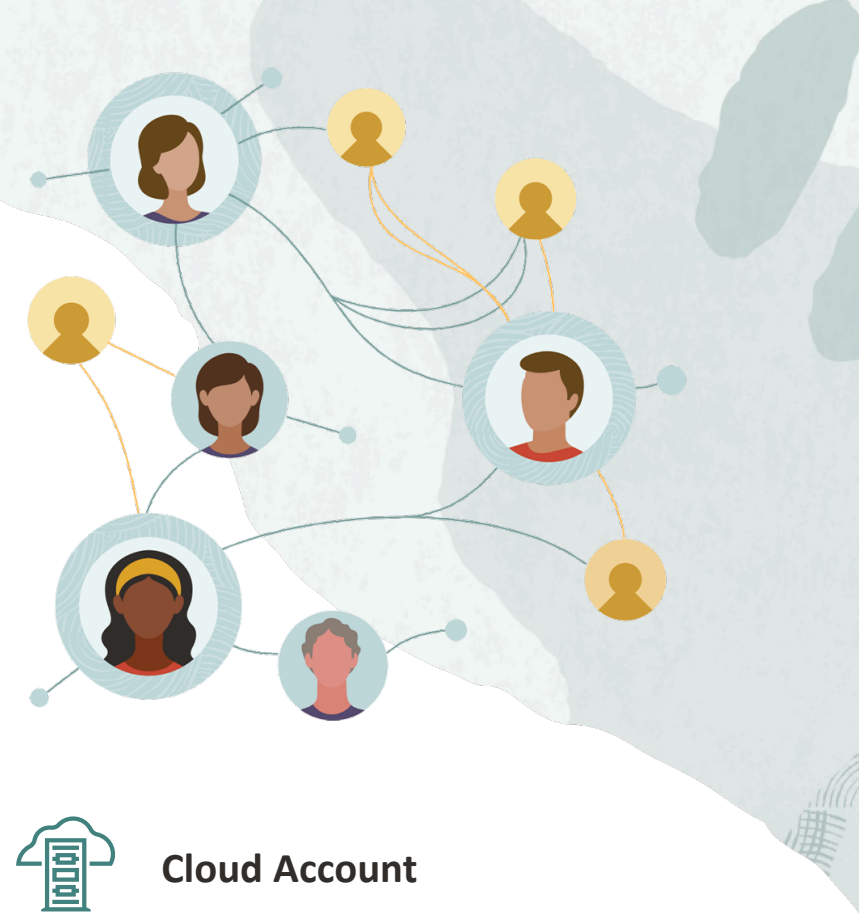
Cloud Account

\$5k USD Cloud account*



Travel Support

ACE Directors are eligible for travel support to give presentations or lead workshops at conferences globally



Agenda



What are malware and ransomware



Think Defence-in-Depth



Protection from ransomware and malicious intent



What else ?



What are Malware and Ransomware ?

What is malware ?

- **Malware** is malicious software, which - if able to run - can cause harm in many ways, including:
 - causing a device to become locked or unusable
 - stealing, deleting or encrypting data
 - taking control of your devices to attack other organisations
 - obtaining credentials which allow access to your organisation's systems or services that you use
 - using services that may cost you money (e.g. premium rate phone calls).
 - 'mining' cryptocurrency



What is ransomware?

Ransomware is a type of malware that prevents you from accessing your computer (or the data that is stored on it).

The computer itself may become locked, or the data on it might be stolen, deleted or encrypted. Some ransomware will also try to spread to other machines on the network, such as the Wannacry malware.

RaaS Kits

Ransomware-as-a-Service

- RaaS kits readily available to build your own ransomware
- Come with instruction, only requires average computer skills.
- Classic model is user takes 80%, kit author takes 20%.
- Different price ranges – different amounts of configurability.

Online builder

You must have [license](#) to use builder.

Receiver address		Receiver address should be put in with protocol and without slash on end. Example: <code>http://onionsite.onion/p.php</code>
Payment page		Payment page should be written in the same way.
Encryption method	AES 256	In locker message word [IDENTY] would be replaced with User ID so that you can construct links to the payment page. Example <code>http://ytrfjyddvasd.onion/payment.php?ID=</code> >>> <code>http://ytrfjyddvasd.onion/payment.php?ID=AAAA-AAAA-AAAA</code>
Default decrypter	Automatic	
UAC bypass	Enable	
Locker message		

[Create build](#) [Download panel](#)

[Panel setup short guide](#)



Modern Day 'Blue Screen of Death'

Deutsche Bahn
Train timetable during
WCry (WannaCry) incident





No longer limited to
production
databases.

Hackers are now
hunting for your
backups

Hackers spend days on
your network **before**
encrypting data

Time is spent looking for
backup copies



Ransomware Attacks

Dwell Time Dropping

- Ransomware attacks accelerating
- Dwell Time falling
 - 416 Days in 2011
 - 24 Days in 2021
 - 21 Days in 2022
 - 10 Days in 2023
 - 7 Days 2024
 - ? Days 2025
- Shortest dwell time 7hrs
- More sophisticated attacks is now driving up average dwell time
- Attack dwell time is defined as when a threat actor remains undetected within a targeted network or endpoint.
- Dwell time starts immediately after an initial malware infection has taken place and continues until the malware has been completely removed from a device.



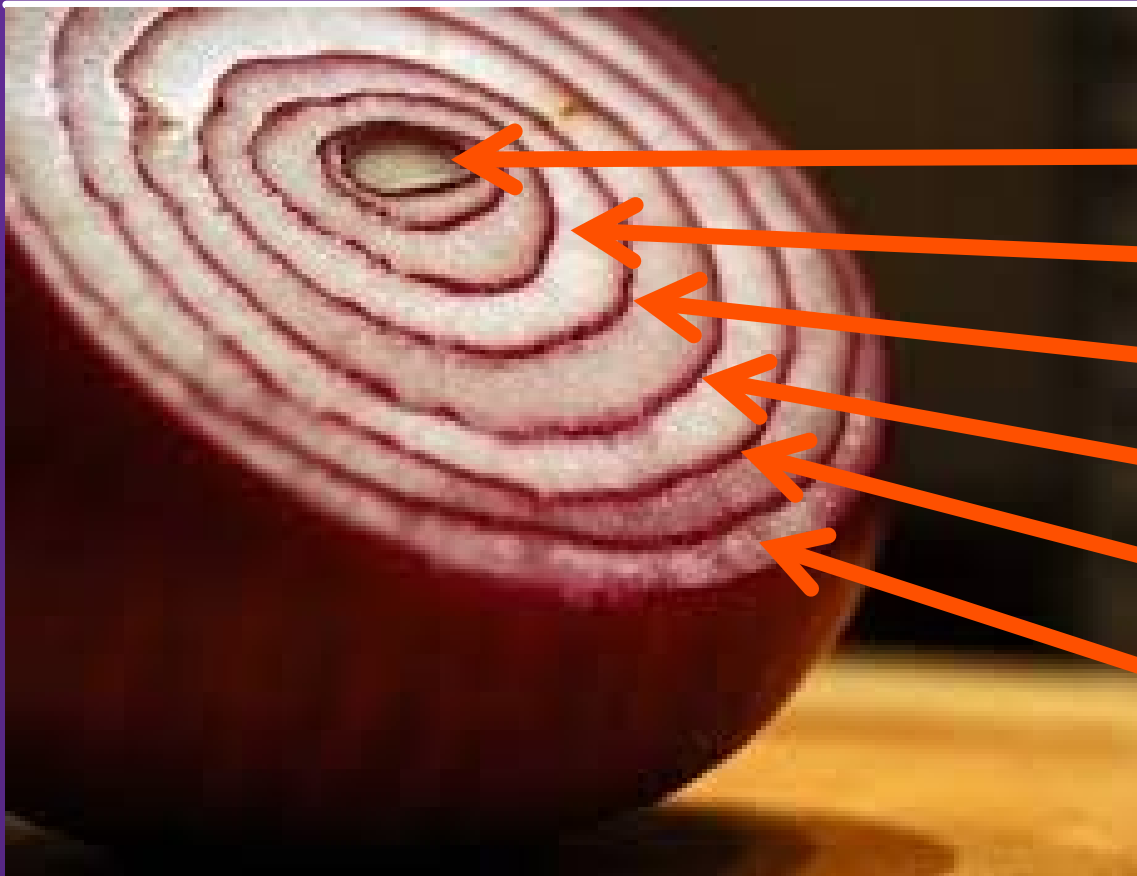
Backups are our last line of Defence

- If your data is encrypted, your only recourse is to restore from your backups.
- Or Pay and Pray, and pay again and again...



So what can we do?

Think Defence in Depth



- Data security
- Application security
- Host security
- Network security
- Physical security
- Policies, procedures and awareness



Defence in Depth (1)



Policies, procedures, and awareness



Physical Security



Network Security

- Starts with employees and contractors
- Site / premises security
- Needs to now include remote access / working from home



Defence in Depth (2)



Host Security

- Hardened servers



Application Security

- Secure applications



Data security

- Know where all your data is

Implement a SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) solution such as [Splunk](#)



Protecting our database

From human error, malware or malicious intent



Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM)

Most attacks encrypt file systems

ASM uses raw block storage, it's harder for malware and intruders to discover

Encrypting a raw file system is a lot more complex than a traditional file system .



Oracle ASM Filter Driver (ASMFd) & ASMLib V3

Limits access to ASM
disk to Oracle
database calls



ASMFD Filter

Check ASMFD State

```
ASMCMD-9526: The AFD state is 'LOADED' and filtering is 'ENABLED' on host 'z-rac1.uklab.purestorage.com'
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]#
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]# asmcmd afd_alsdk
```

Label	Filtering	Path
ACFS01	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_acfs01
CONTROL_REDO	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_control_redo
CRS	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_crs
DATA01	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_data01
DATA02	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_data02
DATA03	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_data03
DATA04	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_data04
FRA	ENABLED	/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_fra

List ASMFD Disks

Check Contents

Attempt Write

```
GIM [root@z-rac1:~]# dd if=/dev/zero of=/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_acfs01 bs=4096 count=1000 oflag=direct
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]# dd: error writing '/dev/mapper/dg_racpod_acfs01': Operation not supported
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]# 1+0 records in
```

```
0+0 records out
```

```
0 bytes (0 B) copied, 0.000249955 s, 0.0 kB/s
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]#
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]# tail /var/log/messages
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 su: (to oracle) root on none
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 systemd: Started Session c30062 of user oracle.
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 su: (to oracle) root on none
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 systemd: Started Session c30063 of user oracle.
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 su: (to oracle) root on none
```

```
Apr 24 14:49:28 z-rac1 systemd: Started Session c30064 of user oracle.
```

```
Apr 24 14:50:01 z-rac1 systemd: Created slice User Slice of root.
```

```
Apr 24 14:50:01 z-rac1 systemd: Started Session 1708 of user root.
```

```
Apr 24 14:50:01 z-rac1 systemd: Removed slice User Slice of root.
```

```
Apr 24 14:54:21 z-rac1 kernel: F 5151933.208/230424135421 dd[33508] oracleafd:23:0284:Write IO to ASM managed device: [252] [11]
```

```
[root@z-rac1:~]#
```

ASMFD Blocks Updates



Confirm Block device OK

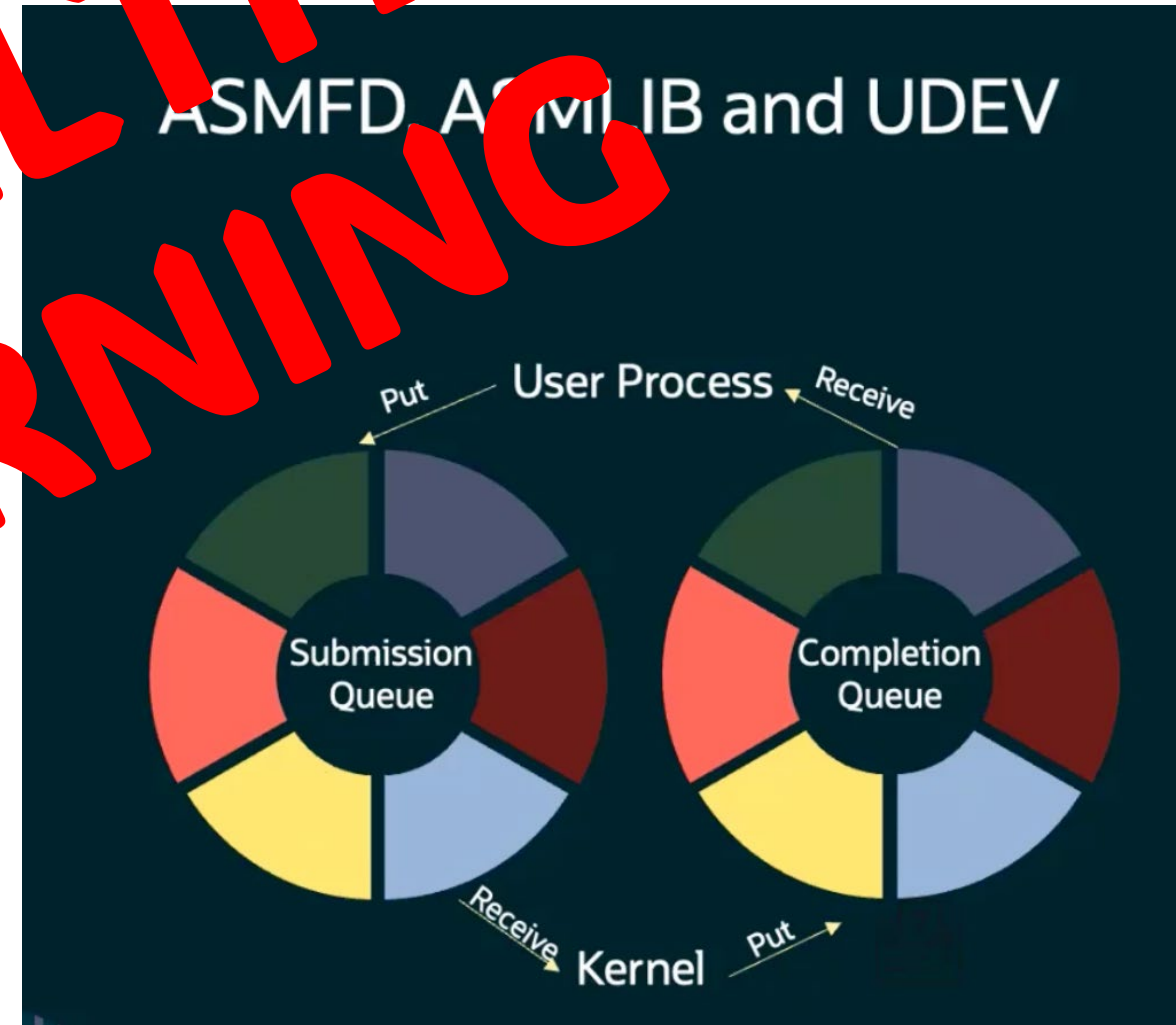
Kfed read /dev/mapper/dg_racpod_acfs01

```
kfbh.type: 1 ; 0x002: KFBTYP_DISKHEAD
kfbh.datfmt: 2 ; 0x003: 0x02
kfbh.block.blk: 0 ; 0x004: blk=0
kfbh.block.obj: 2147483648 ; 0x008: disk=0
kfbh.check: 2321497126 ; 0x00c: 0x8a5f3c26
kfbh.fcn.base: 2845340 ; 0x010: 0x002b6a9c
kfbh.fcn.wrap: 0 ; 0x014: 0x00000000
kfbh.spare1: 0 ; 0x018: 0x00000000
kfbh.spare2: 0 ; 0x01c: 0x00000000
kfdhdb.driver.provstr: ORCLDISKACFS01 ; 0x000: length=14
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[0]: 1397113665 ; 0x008: 0x53464341
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[1]: 12592 ; 0x00c: 0x00003130
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[2]: 0 ; 0x010: 0x00000000
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[3]: 0 ; 0x014: 0x00000000
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[4]: 0 ; 0x018: 0x00000000
kfdhdb.driver.reserved[5]: 0 ; 0x01c: 0x00000000
kfdhdb.compat: 318767104 ; 0x020: 0x13000000
kfdhdb.dsknum: 0 ; 0x024: 0x0000
kfdhdb.grntyp: 1 ; 0x026: KEDCTR_EXTERNAL
```



ASMFD, ASMLIB & UDEV

- Latest Linux Kernel using io_uring
 - Impacts ASMFD IO Filtering
- Updates to ASMFD and ASMLIB to adapt to this change in i/o layer
- ASM Disks configured to use udev continue to function without any changes
- ASMFD Filtering is disabled in 3.24+ by default, prior releases need to be done manually.
 - Soft-filtering can be disabled by "afdtool - filter disable" or "asmcmd afd_filter -d"



Migrate to ASMLib v3 for Database Protection



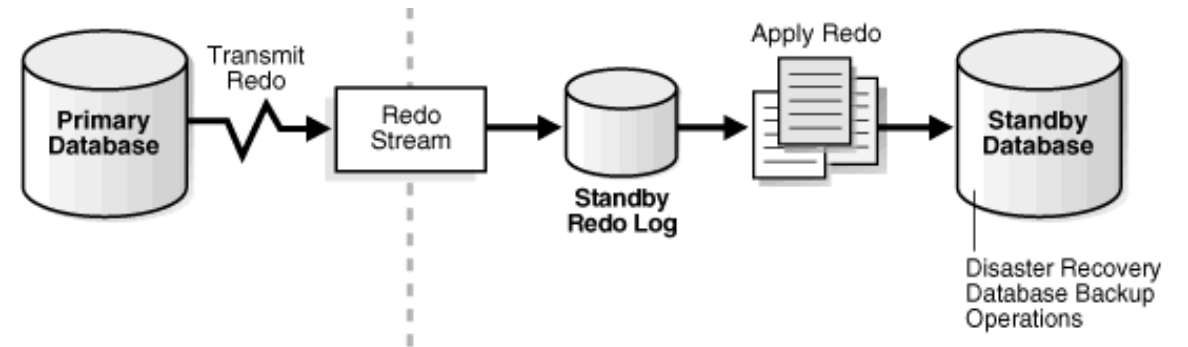
Another line of defence

Oracle Data Guard

Ransomware may not impact other Data Centre's

File system encryption not be replicated

Fail over to Standby database in event of disaster



Finally utilise Primary Storage Snapshots

Use primary Storage
Snapshots to provide instant
point-in-time recovery

Snapshot Database and
Application binaries.

Nothing is faster than a pure
meta-data operation



Automate Primary Storage Snapshots

With REST APIs



- Most modern infrastructure and applications supports REST interfaces
- Call REST interfaces using preferred language, utilities and DevOps technologies.
 - Python, PowerShell, Java...
 - Bash, Curl...
 - Terraform, Ansible..
- And PL/SQL



Use UTL_HTTP from with database

```
dbms_output.put_line('Create FlashArray Session');
dbms_output.put_line('-----');

l_path := p_url || '/api/1.19/auth/session';
l_body := '{"api_token":"' || p_token || '"}';

-- Prepare for Create session
l_http_request := UTL_HTTP.begin_request(l_path, 'POST' );

-- set Headers
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'user-agent', 'mozilla/4.0');
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'content-type', 'application/json');
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'Content-Length', length(l_body));

-- set Body of request
UTL_HTTP.write_text(l_http_request, l_body);

-- get Response
l_http_response := UTL_HTTP.get_response(l_http_request);
dbms_output.put_line('Response status code: ' || l_http_response.status_code);

-- Loop through the response.
BEGIN
  LOOP
    UTL_HTTP.read_text(l_http_response, l_text, 32766);
    dbms_output.put_line ('Logon: ' || l_text);
  END LOOP;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN UTL_HTTP.end_of_body THEN
    dbms_output.put_line ('>');
END;

-- Loop through HTTP headers
FOR i IN 1..UTL_HTTP.GET_HEADER_COUNT(l_http_response) LOOP
  UTL_HTTP.GET_HEADER(l_http_response, i, l_name, l_value);
  -- DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(l_name || ': ' || l_value);
  IF l_name = 'Set-Cookie' THEN
    l_cookie := l_value;
  END IF;
END LOOP;
```

```
dbms_output.put_line('>');
dbms_output.put_line('Perform Protection Group Snapshot of ' || p_pgroup);
dbms_output.put_line('-----');

l_path := p_url || '/api/1.19/pgroup';
l_body := '{"snap":true,"source": [' || p_pgroup || ']}';

dbms_output.put_line('>' || l_path);
dbms_output.put_line(' ' || l_body);

-- Make a HTTP request and get the response.
l_http_request := UTL_HTTP.begin_request(l_path, 'POST' );

-- set Headers
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'user-agent', 'mozilla/4.0');
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'content-type', 'application/json');
UTL_HTTP.set_header(l_http_request, 'Content-Length', length(l_body));

-- set Body of request
UTL_HTTP.write_text(l_http_request, l_body);

-- get Response
l_http_response := UTL_HTTP.get_response(l_http_request);
dbms_output.put_line('Response status code: ' || l_http_response.status_code);

-- Loop through the response.
BEGIN
  LOOP
    UTL_HTTP.read_text(l_http_response, l_text, 32766);
    dbms_output.put_line (l_text);
  END LOOP;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN UTL_HTTP.end_of_body THEN
    UTL_HTTP.end_response(l_http_response);
END;
```



Automate Storage Snapshots

```
SQL> exec fa_snapshot('https://z-m20-a.uklab.purestorage.com','5d8ad02f-547d-fc24-bb51-fa0d2b0de973','z-oracle1PG');
```

Create FlashArray Session

Response status code: 200

Logon: {"username": "pureuser"}

>

Session Cookie:

session=.eJwtzMEKgzaQhOFXXKPOoWqQ1JcJi7sBwSSySQ5FfHdjKczLFpAqfT1x3BIMytbjiVfrJdiZA3_c6qZgh1Ucz2GYyI7cN46My6AVOUTbja4CnRg

pmo; Expires=Mon, 15-Aug-2022 15:46:52 GMT; HttpOnly; Pa

>

Perform Protection Group Snapshot of z-oracle1PG

```
>https://z-m20-a.uklab.purestorage.com/api/1.19/pgroup  
{ "snap": "true", "source": [ "z-oracle1PG" ] }
```

Response status code: 200

```
[ { "name": "z-oracle1PG.15207", "source": "z-oracle1PG",
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

The screenshot shows the 'Protection' section of the Pure Storage interface. The 'Protection Groups' tab is selected, and the 'z-oracle1PG' group is highlighted. The 'Members' section lists three members: 'z-oracle1-u01', 'z-oracle1-u02', and 'z-oracle1-u03'. The 'Targets' section is empty, showing 'No targets found.' The 'Snapshot Schedule' and 'Replication Schedule' sections are visible on the right. The 'Protection Group Snapshots' section at the bottom shows a list of snapshots, with 'z-oracle1PG.15207' highlighted. The 'Created' column shows the timestamp '2022-08-15 16:16:52'.

Name	Created	Snapshots
z-oracle1PG.15207	2022-08-15 16:16:52	0.00

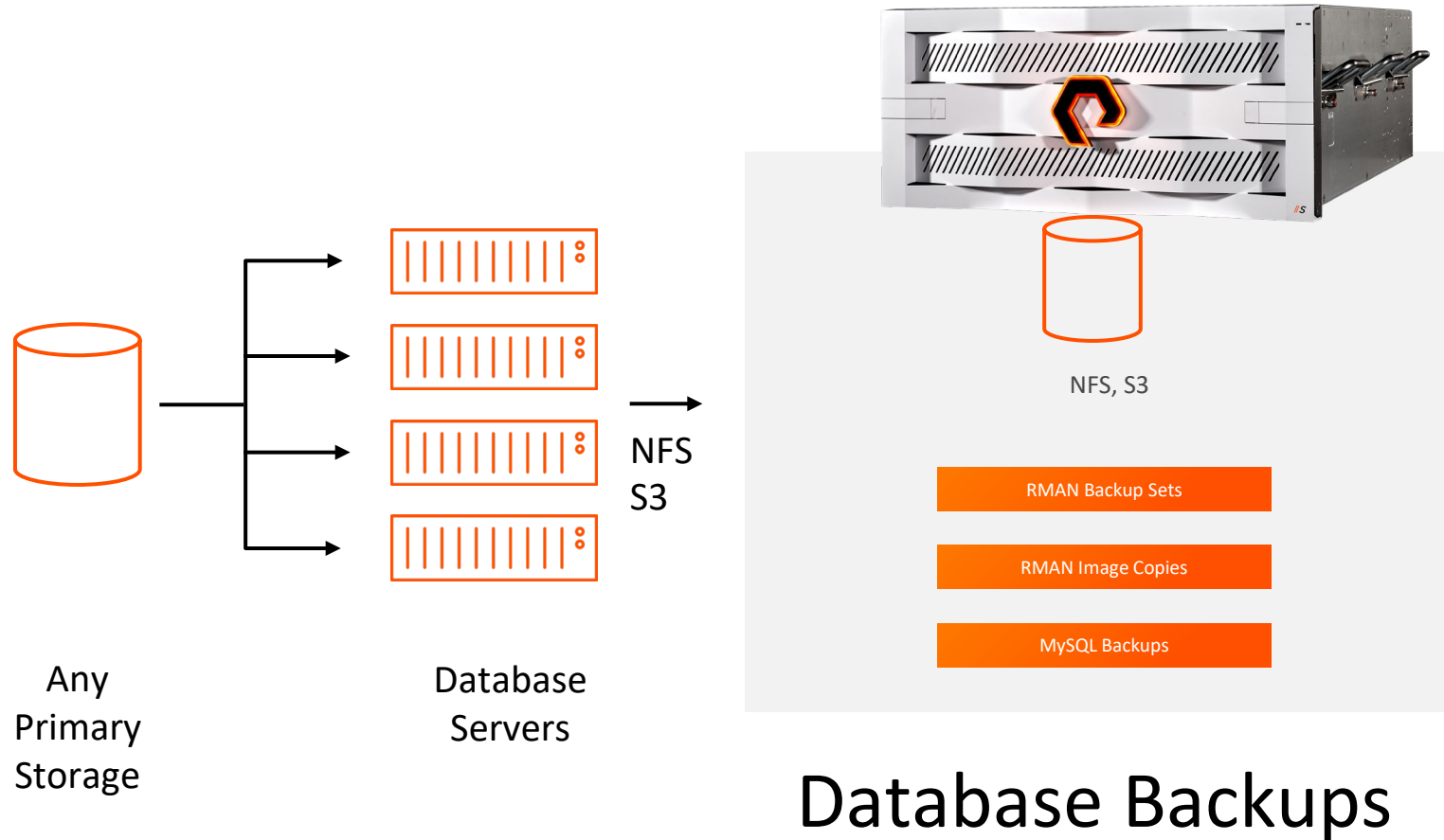


Protecting our data and backups

From accidental or RMAN policy deletion

Database Protection – The 3:2:1+ Rule

Perform Off-array backup



- 03 Create one primary backup and two copies of your data
- 02 Save your backups to two different types of media
- 01 Keep at least one backup file offsite
- + Make sure they're immutable and protected



AutoMounter Setup

Autofs setup

Install autofs

```
$ sudo yum install autofs
```

Create Automounter Map

```
$ sudo vi /etc/auto.master.d/fbnfs.autofs
```

```
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ cat /etc/auto.master.d/fbnfs.autofs  
/mnt/orabkup /etc/auto.fbnfs --timeout=180
```

Timeout default is
300 seconds (5
minutes) inactivity

Create Map File

```
$ sudo vi /etc/auto.fbnfs
```

```
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ cat /etc/auto.fbnfs  
DEMO -fstype=nfs,rw,soft,intr 192.168.4.100:/z-oracle_orabkup  
ORCL -fstype=nfs,rw,soft,intr 192.168.4.100:/z-oracle_orabkup1
```

Start autofs Service

```
$ sudo systemctl enable --now autofs Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/autofs.service  
to /usr/lib/systemd/system/autofs.service.
```



RMAN NFS mount hidden

AutoFS mounts on backup location on-demand

```
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ df -h -t nfs
```

```
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
```

```
192.168.1[oracle@z-rac1 orabkup]$ pwd
```

```
192.168. /mnt/
```

```
192 168 /mnt/ [oracle@z-rac1 DEMO]$ pwd
```

```
192.168.1.100 [orac /mnt/orabkup/DEMO
```

```
total [oracle@z-rac1 DEMO]$ ls
```

```
192.168.0.0005jca2 19456 1 1 1f05jiq7 19503 7 1 3105jlea 20597 5 1
```

```
102.100.100.100 [oracle@z-rac1 DEMO]$ df -h -t nfs
```

Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on
192.168.0.100	100	100	0	100	/
192.168.0.100	100	100	0	100	/

```
192.168.4.150: [orac 0205]C 192.168.4.150:/z-rac_orcl 10T 2.1T 8.0T 21% /u02
```

```
0405jf 192.168.4.100:/z-rac_pstgpdb3 10T 0 10T 0% /u08
```

```
0505jf 192.168.4.100:/z-rac_pstgpdb2 10T 0 10T 0% /u07
```

```
0705j:192.168.4.100:/z-oracle_labs      1.0T      0  1.0T    0% /mnt/oralabs
```

```
0805j:192.168.4.100:/z-rac_pstgpdb1      10T   2.3T   7.8T   23% /u06
```

```
0905j: 192.168.4.100:/z-oracle_rcat      100G   14G   87G   14% /u03
```

```
192.168.4.100:/z-oracle clonedb 100G 212M 100G 1% /u05
```

```
192.168.4.100:/z-oracle_orabkup 10T 7.9T 2.2T 79% /mnt/orabkup/DEMO
```

```
[oracle@z-rac1 DEMO]$
```



We can also use Oracle dNFS

- Oracle dNFS dynamically mounts the NFS export using the *oranfstab* file
- Configure */etc/fstab* to provide backup path.

```
oracle@z-rac1:~  
server: fbs200  
local: 192.168.40.70 path: 192.168.40.165  
local: 192.168.50.70 path: 192.168.50.165  
local: 192.168.60.70 path: 192.168.60.165  
local: 192.168.70.70 path: 192.168.70.165  
nfs_version: nfsv3  
export: /orabkup      mount: /mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB  
#
```

```
oracle@z-rac1:~  
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ df -h -t nfs  
Filesystem                                Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on  
192.168.40.185:/fio                        2.0T  445G  1.6T  22% /mnt/fbs500-fio  
192.168.40.165:/fio                        2.0T  684G  1.4T  34% /mnt/fbs200-fio  
192.168.40.165:/oracle_scripts             78T   44G   78T   1% /mnt/oracle  
z-x90-a-file:/oracle_rac                   64P   14G   64P   1% /oracle_rac  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup-rep                 88T   11T   78T  12% /mnt/orabkup-rep3  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup-temp                10T    0    10T   0% /mnt/fbn15  
192.168.40.185:/orabkup                    10T  417G   9.6T   5% /mnt/fbs500  
z-x90-a-file:/orabkup                      64P  640G   64P   1% /mnt/x90a  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup/DEMOCDB            50T    0   50T   0% /mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB
```



Performing RMAN Backup

```
channel ORA_DISK_50: datafile copy complete, elapsed time: 00:00:53
channel ORA_DISK_50: starting datafile copy
input datafile file number=00042 name=+DATA/DEMOCDB/21C46BA6D08E9210E0633970E10AE121/DATAFILE/soe.300.1179324533
backing up blocks 3145729 through 3670016
output file name=/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-36_hv372asd tag=FBS200
channel ORA_DISK_36: datafile copy complete, elapsed time: 00:00:24
channel ORA_DISK_36: starting datafile copy
input datafile file number=00042 name=+DATA/DEMOCDB/21C46BA6D08E9210E0633970E10AE121/DATAFILE/soe.300.1179324533
backing up blocks 3670017 through 3932160
output file name=/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-34_ht372asd tag=FBS200
channel ORA_DISK_48: datafile copy complete, elapsed time: 00:00:46
channel ORA_DISK_48: starting datafile copy
input datafile file number=00043 name=+DATA/DEMOCDB/21C46BA6D08E9210E0633970E10AE121/DATAFILE/soe.299.1179324545
backing up blocks 524289 through 1048576
output file name=/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-33_hs372asc tag=FBS200
channel ORA_DISK_55: datafile copy complete, elapsed time: 00:00:49
channel ORA_DISK_55: starting datafile copy
input datafile file number=00043 name=+DATA/DEMOCDB/21C46BA6D08E9210E0633970E10AE121/DATAFILE/soe.299.1179324545
backing up blocks 1048577 through 1572864
output file name=/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-33_hs372asc tag=FBS200
channel ORA_DISK_60: datafile copy complete, elapsed time: 00:00:49
channel ORA_DISK_60: starting datafile copy
input datafile file number=00043 name=+DATA/DEMOCDB/21C46BA6D08E9210E0633970E10AE121/DATAFILE/soe.299.1179324545
backing up blocks 1572865 through 2097152
```



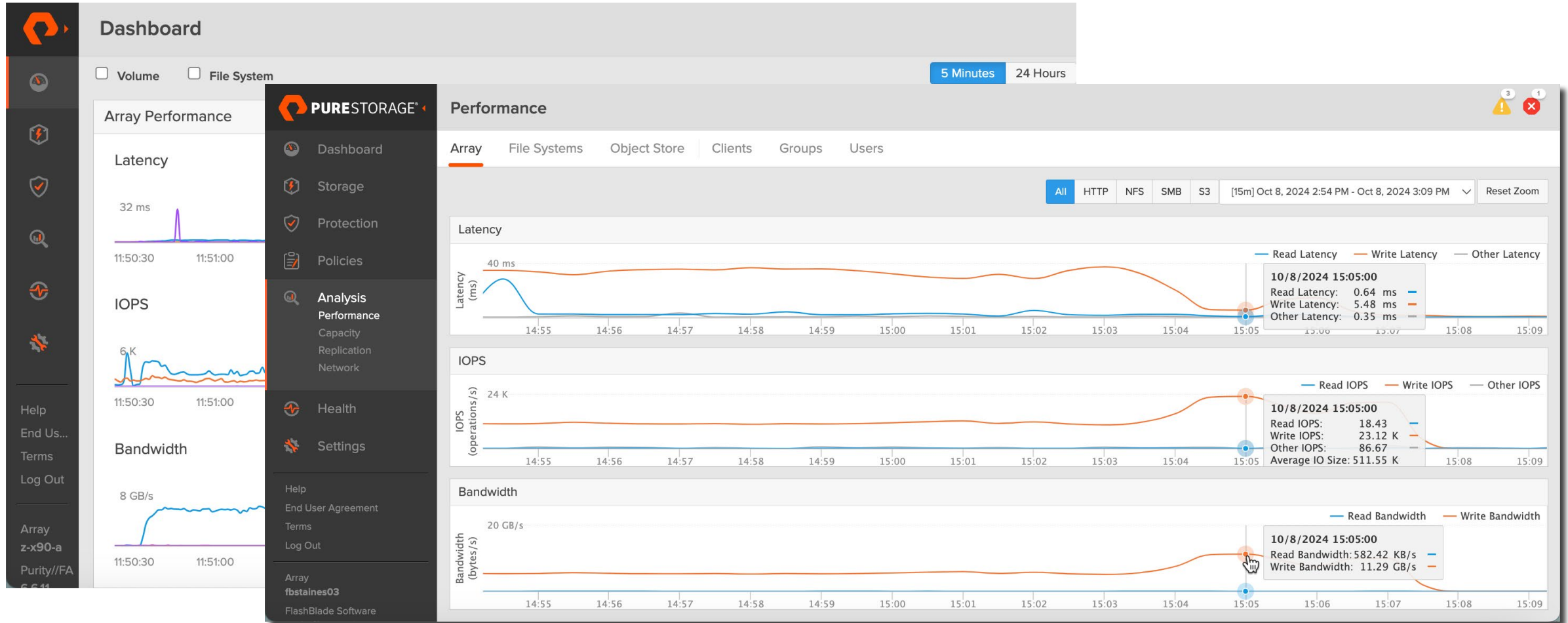
We can see Backup using v\$dnfs_files view

/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-63_le3726kq	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-65_li3726lb	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-66_lk3726mg	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-66_lk3726mg	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-67_lm3726mn	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-67_lm3726mn	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-68_lo3726mn	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-68_lo3726mn	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-69_lq3726mo	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-69_lq3726mo	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-70_ls3726ms	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-70_ls3726ms	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-71_lu3726n0	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-71_lu3726n0	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-72_m03726n3	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-72_m03726n3	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-73_m23726n5	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-73_m23726n5	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-74_m43726n6	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-74_m43726n6	30,720
/mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB/data_D-DEMOCDB_I-364614626_TS-SOE_FNO-75_m63726n1	30,720



Check Storage Platform Activity

Block READ & FILE (NFS) WRITES



Backups Hidden from Operating System

- RMAN Backup files are not visible from the OS, only usage.
- Oracle or other users can't accidentally delete RMAN backups.

```
oracle@z-rac1:~  
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ df -h -t nfs  
Filesystem                Size      Used Avail Use% Mounted on  
192.168.40.185:/fio        2.0T    445G   1.6T   22% /mnt/fbs500-fio  
192.168.40.165:/fio        2.0T    684G   1.4T   34% /mnt/fbs200-fio  
192.168.40.165:/oracle_scripts  71T     44G   71T    1% /mnt/oracle  
z-x90-a-file:/oracle_rac   64P     14G   64P    1% /oracle_rac  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup-rep  81T     11T   71T   13% /mnt/orabkup-rep3  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup-temp 10T      0    10T    0% /mnt/fbn15  
192.168.40.185:/orabkup    10T    417G   9.6T    5% /mnt/fbs500  
z-x90-a-file:/orabkup      64P    640G   64P    1% /mnt/x90a  
192.168.40.165:/orabkup/DEMOCDB 50T     11T   40T   22% /mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB  
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$ ls -la /mnt/fbs200/DEMOCDB  
total 0  
drwxr-xr-x. 2 oracle oinstall 0 Oct 7 17:05 .  
drwxrwxrwx. 3 oracle oinstall 21 Oct 7 16:48 ..  
[oracle@z-rac1 ~]$
```



Backups can still be managed by RMAN

[illegible]

Utilise NFS Storage Snapshots

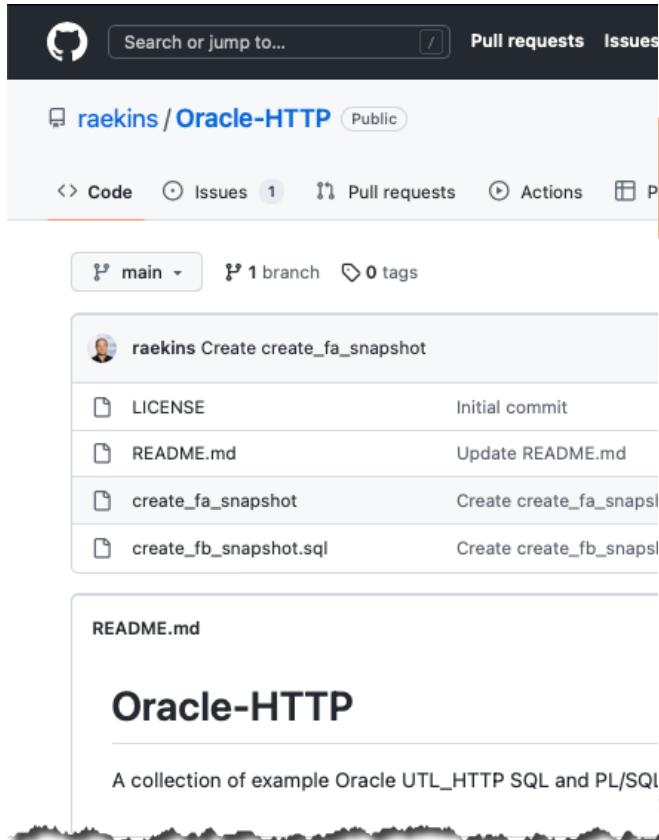
Take NFS file system
immutable snapshots of
RMAN backups.

Read-Only snapshots stop
accidental or policy based
deletion.



Perform File System snapshot Using SQL

Oracle UTL_HTTP



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for 'raekins / Oracle-HTTP'. The repository is public and has a README.md file. The README.md file contains the title 'Oracle-HTTP' and a description: 'A collection of example Oracle UTL_HTTP SQL and PL/SQL'. The repository also has a table of files:

File	Description
LICENSE	Initial commit
README.md	Update README.md
create_fa_snapshot	Create create_fa_snapsl
create_fb_snapshot.sql	Create create_fb_snapsl

```
BEGIN
    UTL_HTTP.set_wallet('&p_wallet_d','&p_wallet_p');

    -- If using HTTPS, open a wallet containing the trusted root certificate.
    IF p_wallet_path IS NOT NULL AND p_wallet_password IS NOT NULL THEN
        UTL_HTTP.set_wallet('file:' || p_wallet_path, p_wallet_password);
    END IF;

    dbms_output.put_line('Create FlashBlade Session');
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');

    l_path := p_url || '/api/login';

    -- Make a HTTP request and get the response.
    l_http_request := UTL_HTTP.begin_request(l_path, 'GET');

    UTL_HTTP.set_header(r => l_http_request,
                        name => 'api-token',
                        value => p_token);

    UTL_HTTP.set_header(r => l_http_request,
                        name => 'User-Agent',
                        value => 'OracleDB/');

    l_http_response := UTL_HTTP.get_response(l_http_request);
    dbms_output.put_line('Response status code: ' || l_http_response.status_code);

    dbms_output.put_line('>');
    dbms_output.put_line('Perform FileSystem Snapshot of ' || p_filesystem);
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');

    l_path := p_url || '/api/1.12/file-system-snapshots?sources=' || p_filesystem || chr(38) || 'send=false';
    dbms_output.put_line('>' || l_path);

    -- Make a HTTP request and get the response.
    l_http_request := UTL_HTTP.begin_request(url => l_path, method => 'POST' );

    UTL_HTTP.set_header(r => l_http_request,
                        name => 'User-agent',
                        value => 'OracleDB/19c');

    UTL_HTTP.set_header(r => l_http_request,
                        name => 'x-auth-token',
                        value => l_xauth_token);

    l_http_response := UTL_HTTP.get_response(l_http_request);

    dbms_output.put_line('Response status code: ' || l_http_response.status_code);
```



Automate File System Snapshots

```
SQL> exec fb_snapshot('https://fbstaines02.uklab.purestorage.com', 'T-da03a759-bb3f-4995-9c6c-fee48d7c1a98', 'ora-test');
Create FlashBlade Session
```

```
-----
Response status code: 200
Logon: {"username": "pureuser"}
>
x-auth-token: 75c16f38-f628-4888-b796-41663d1561a2
>
Perform FileSystem Snapshot of ora-test
-----
```

```
>https://fbstaines02.uklab.purestorage.com/api/1.12/file-system-snapshot
test&send=false
Response status code: 200
{"items":[{"name":"ora-
test.2022_08_10_13_56","suffix":"2022_08_10_13_56","created":1660136196000,
{"name":null,"id":null,"resource_type":null,"location":null,"is_local":null,
11},"destroyed":false,"source_destroyed":null,"time_remaining":null,"id":
7e2c-64aa8bb6505c","owner":{"name":"ora-test","id":"e8d16880-fe19-6224-a443-0f729f298e32","resource_type":
file-systems"},"owner_destroyed":false,"source":"ora-test","source_id":"
0f729f298e32","source_is_local":true,"source_location":{"name":"fbstaines02","id":"66992c13-6d81-433f-bb31-5fc33e76fa5f","resource_type":"arrays"},"source_display_name":"ora-test"}]}
>
>
List FileSystem Snapshots of ora-test
-----
```

```
>https://fbstaines02.uklab.purestorage.com/api/1.12/file-system-snapshots
sort=created&names_or_sources=ora-test
Response status code: 200
{"total":1,
{"name":null,"suffix":null,"created":null,"policy":null,"destroyed":null,"time_remaining":null,"id":null,"owner":null,"owner_destroyed":null,"source_is_local":null,"source_location":null,"source_display_name":"ora-test.2022_08_10_13_56","suffix":"2022_08_10_13_56","created":1660136196000,"policy":null,"destroyed":false,"source_destroyed":false,"time_remaining":null,"id":"b05be6f6-7771-e708-7e2c-64aa8bb6505c","owner":{"name":"ora-test","id":"e8d16880-fe19-6224-a443-0f729f298e32","resource_type":"file-systems"},"owner_destroyed":false,"source":"ora-test","source_id":"e8d16880-fe19-6224-a443-0f729f298e32","source_is_local":true,"source_location":{"name":"fbstaines02","id":"66992c13-6d81-433f-bb31-5fc33e76fa5f","resource_type":"arrays"},"source_display_name":"ora-test"}]}
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Check File System Snapshot

From the OS we can now see the the database procedure has created a FlashBlade file system snapshot in the .snapshot directory

```
# ls -al /mnt/ora-test/.snapshot
total 0
drwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 0 Aug 10 13:56 .
drwxrwxrwx. 2 root root 0 Aug 10 12:09 ..
drwxrwxrwx. 2 root root 0 Aug 10 12:09 ora-test.2022_08_10_13_56
```

From the FlashBlade we can also see the file system snapshot.

File System Snapshots					General	Transfer	11 of 1	+	⋮
Name	Source Location	Source Name	Policy	Created					
ora-test.2022_08_10_13_56	fbstaines02	ora-test	-	2022-08-10 13:56:36					
Destroyed (0)									

File System Snapshots



RMAN Catalog Snapshot

RMAN> catalog start with '<snapshot directory>' noprompt;

```
RMAN Catalog snapshot: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552
```

```
Recovery Manager: Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production on Tue Jun 8 09:35:53 2021  
Version 19.10.0.0.0
```

```
Copyright (c) 1982, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
```

```
connected to target database: DEMO (DBID=3784643325)  
connected to recovery catalog database
```

```
RMAN>  
searching for all files that match the pattern /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552
```

```
List of Files Unknown to the Database
```

```
=====
```

```
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/df00alat_17839_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/dg00alat_17840_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/dh00alb4_17841_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/di00alb4_17842_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/dj00alb4_17843_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/dk00alb4_17844_1_1  
File Name: /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.08-JUN-2021-093552/dl00alb5_17845_1_1
```



RMAN Validate Snapshot

RMAN> restore database validate

```
channel ORA_DISK_34: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/n700an53_18151_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_35: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/n800an54_18152_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_36: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/n900an54_18153_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_37: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nf00an5b_18159_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_38: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nj00an5j_18163_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_39: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/ni00an5h_18162_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_40: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nl00an5o_18165_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_41: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nk00an5n_18164_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_42: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nh00an5f_18161_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_43: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/ng00an5d_18160_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_44: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/ne00an5b_18158_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_45: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nm00an5q_18166_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_23: piece handle=/mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/na00an55_18154_1_1 tag=TAG20210601T151323
channel ORA_DISK_23: restored backup piece 1
channel ORA_DISK_23: validation complete, elapsed time: 00:00:02
channel ORA_DISK_24: piece handle=/mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nb00an57_18155_1_1 tag=TAG20210601T151323
channel ORA_DISK_24: restored backup piece 1
channel ORA_DISK_24: validation complete, elapsed time: 00:00:02
channel ORA_DISK_40: piece handle=/mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nl00an5o_18165_1_1 tag=TAG20210601T151323
channel ORA_DISK_40: restored backup piece 1
channel ORA_DISK_40: validation complete, elapsed time: 00:00:01
channel ORA_DISK_45: piece handle=/mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nm00an5q_18166_1_1 tag=TAG20210601T151323
channel ORA_DISK_45: restored backup piece 1
channel ORA_DISK_45: validation complete, elapsed time: 00:00:01
channel ORA_DISK_25: piece handle=/mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/nd00an5a_18157_1_1 tag=TAG20210601T151323
channel ORA_DISK_25: restored backup piece 1
```



RMAN Restore Snapshot

RMAN> restore database

```
allocated channel: ORA_DISK_61
channel ORA_DISK_61: SID=368 instance=DEM01 device type=DISK
allocated channel: ORA_DISK_62
channel ORA_DISK_62: SID=487 instance=DEM01 device type=DISK
allocated channel: ORA_DISK_63
channel ORA_DISK_63: SID=612 instance=DEM01 device type=DISK
allocated channel: ORA_DISK_64
channel ORA_DISK_64: SID=732 instance=DEM01 device type=DISK

channel ORA_DISK_1: starting datafile backup set restore
channel ORA_DISK_1: specifying datafile(s) to restore from backup set
channel ORA_DISK_1: restoring datafile 00020 to +DATA/DEMO/A5C6810E4B040548E0533970E10A590E/DATAFILE/soe.367.1040576831
channel ORA_DISK_1: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/ma00an4p_18122_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_2: starting datafile backup set restore
channel ORA_DISK_2: specifying datafile(s) to restore from backup set
channel ORA_DISK_2: restoring datafile 00021 to +DATA/DEMO/A5C6810E4B040548E0533970E10A590E/DATAFILE/soe.371.1040576863
channel ORA_DISK_2: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/mb00an4p_18123_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_3: starting datafile backup set restore
channel ORA_DISK_3: specifying datafile(s) to restore from backup set
channel ORA_DISK_3: restoring datafile 00022 to +DATA/DEMO/A5C6810E4B040548E0533970E10A590E/DATAFILE/soe.374.1040576893
channel ORA_DISK_3: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/mc00an4p_18124_1_1
channel ORA_DISK_4: starting datafile backup set restore
channel ORA_DISK_4: specifying datafile(s) to restore from backup set
channel ORA_DISK_4: restoring datafile 00023 to +DATA/DEMO/A5C6810E4B040548E0533970E10A590E/DATAFILE/soe.373.1040576927
channel ORA_DISK_4: reading from backup piece /mnt/orabkup/DEMO/.snapshot/z-oracle_orabkup.07-JUN-2021-161447/md00an4p_18125_1_1
```



SCHRODINGER'S BACKUP

The condition of any backup is unknown until a restore is attempted.

A close-up of Chris Pratt as Star-Lord, looking intensely at the viewer. He is wearing his signature brown leather jacket. The background is a chaotic space battle scene with fiery orange explosions on the left and a planet being destroyed into a cloud of red and white debris on the right.

*Are you ready
for a
Ransomware
Attack ?*

Understand business impact and requirements



Do you have a Service Level Agreement with the business ?



Know how long a system restore takes



Understand any inter-system dependences



Peer review procedures and run-books



Get someone else to test your process



Utilise SafeMode Storage Snapshots

Take Primary Storage
immutable snapshots

Take NFS file system immutable
snapshots of RMAN backups.

*Read-Only immutable
snapshots prevent accidental,
malicious or policy based
deletion.*



737 NG 737-8 MAX Cockpit Companion



Document, simulate
incidents and practice

This manual is the property of: _____

Phone: _____

Leading Edge Libraries 1996 ©



Finally, remember protection needs a Team

Data Defence-in-Depth

We all need to constantly review and reduce our exposure to malware and other threats.

Adopt a multi-layered approach to data protection, give ourselves the best possible protection



Network, Storage, Linux Admins, Application Developers, SREs and DBAs...



